

# Raleigh Tribune.

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## THE TRIBUNE IS REPUBLICAN, BUT IT IS THE PEOPLE'S PAPER.

### Second Edition

## SENATE AND HOUSE

### The Conflict of Labor and Capital in the Senate.

### ANTI-SCALPING BILL IN THE HOUSE

### PASSES BY A YEA AND NAY VOTE OF 142 TO 51.

Nothing of any National Importance Done by Either the Senate or House—Killing Time Till the 4th of March.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—A conflict of labor and capital took place in the morning hour of the Senate today. It came up in the shape of a resolution to amend the Metropolitan Railroad company of Washington to extend its line into one of the suburbs. That resolution had been inspired by the Knights of Labor in order to punish the railroad company for dismissing and refusing to take back several of its employees who were members of that organization. The senators most conspicuous of the cause of labor were Mr. Allen and Mr. Mills, while the cause of the railroad company was sustained by Senators McMillan, Gallinger and Parker. All of them members of the committee of the District of Columbia. Finally the resolution was laid on the table by a vote of 20 to 24.

The remainder of the day's session was occupied in the consideration of the revenue appropriation bill, which appropriated \$95,815,338. The points which led to discussion were the item for the payment of railroad mail transportation and the proposition to create a committee on that general subject. Mr. Butler (Populist, North Carolina) desired to have the railroads paid at the rates which are charged by express companies for like service; but his amendment was ruled out on a point of order.

The Senate amendment for a joint committee of the two houses to investigate the whole subject was modified by the committee itself so as to provide for a joint commission—a nominal change only, and to that a substitute was offered by Mr. Chandler proposing that the committee shall consist of the two chairmen of the postoffice committees in the Senate and House, the postmaster general, and two citizens to be appointed by the President, and that the scope of its inquiry shall embrace the correction of alleged abuses in the postal service—including second class mail matter, the extension into the rural regions, the operation of the railroad transportation, the adoption of one cent letter postage and other like questions.

In the course of the long debate on this subject, Mr. Dubois notified the Republicans that they could not organize in the Senate in the next session and that the Silver Republican Senators would not co-operate with them. The action of the Republican convention at St. Louis, he said, had caused the loss of the Pacific coast to the party, so that of the seven senators since elected there to take the place of Republicans only one Republican was sent back.

Mr. Hill (Democrat, New York) advocated Mr. Chandler's substitute, and criticised the action of the committee which caused the chairman of that committee, Mr. Allison, to express facetiously his regret that the action given to the Senate by the senators from Idaho and New York, as neither of them would have the opportunity of advising the Senate next session.

At a recess was taken until 8 o'clock.

HOUSE.

The anti-scalping bill was passed by the House this afternoon after the exhaustion of its opponents by every parliamentary device of which the rules permitted the exercise. But the majority in favor of the bill—more than two-thirds—was sufficient to overcome all obstacles, and finally triumphed. The bill was called up by Mr. Sherman (Republican, New York) by instructions of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, and he offered to read it to two hours. This was not suitable to the opponents of the bill, and the result of their refusal was that Mr. Sherman secured the ordering of the previous question, the motion of which restricted debate to twenty minutes. The bill was advocated by Messrs. Sherman and Hepburn and opposed by Messrs. Patterson, Mahoney, Northrup, Ellett and others. The bill was passed by a vote of 142 to 51.

Among the other bills passed were:

Directing patents to issue to settlers on lands in the eastern peninsula of Florida.

To repeal the act of 1888 granting a right of way through the Fort Morgan military reservation in Alabama to the Birmingham, Mobile and Navy Coal Railroad company. Nothing has been done by the company to carry into effect the provisions of the act.

The House non-concurred in Senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill and it was sent to conference. The House at 5:40 adjourned until Monday.

### CLOSING OF THE FAIR.

Good Racing, [Witnessed by a Small Crowd—Incendiary Fire.

Newbern, N. C., Feb. 27.—Robert & Seymour Hancock's office was burned at 5 o'clock this morning. Incendiary. Loss, \$1,500. Total loss; no insurance. First race, 2:30 class; \$400—Myrtle Peek, first; Easter Lily, second; Rapid, third; Silver B., fourth. Time, 2:35, 2:36, 2:37½.

Running race, two-thirds of a mile; \$100—Myra H., first; Florence Hubert, second. Third heat was a dead heat. Time, 2:15¼, 2:16, 2:16½, 2:17.

There was a small crowd, and the same open air attractions.

### WATCHING FILIBUSTERS.

The Dauntless and Bermuda Putting the Navy on the Alert.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—A sharp lookout is being kept by vessels of the navy and revenue cutter service for the filibuster Bermuda and the appearance of the battleship Indiana off St. Johns bar, Florida, is only another evidence of the precautionary measures adopted. Whether the treasury department has any information or not on the subject, has not been ascertained, but it is certain that the officials there believe that another filibustering expedition is in contemplation, if it has not already been planned. Instructions have been sent to the collector of customs at Jacksonville, with reference to the renewed application of the detained steamer Dauntless for permission to go to Fernandina on a wrecking trip the department stands on the grounds previously stated, in effect that unless the owner of the Dauntless makes the required legal affidavit that the vessel does not intend to engage in a violation of the neutrality or navigation laws, the vessel must remain in the collector's custody. This affidavit the owners of the Dauntless refused to make, although agreeing to proceed to Jacksonville in custody of an officer of the United States. A combination of the Bermuda and the Dauntless is what the treasury and navy officials are seeking to prevent. All the available vessels of the revenue cutter service are now engaged in filibustering patrol work and the navy department has increased its force by the assignment of the Marblehead, the Vesuvius and the Indiana.

## BRYAN MAKES A HOT SPEECH

### WHISTLES TO KEEP UP HIS COURAGE AND TO ENCOURAGE

Pop-Democrats—Says he Appreciates the "Moral Courage of the New York Tammanyites."

New York, Feb. 27.—A complimentary luncheon was given at the Hotel Bartholdi today to William Jennings Bryan. Elliott Danforth, the chairman of the Democratic State Committee, presided, and in responding to the address of welcome of Mr. Danforth, Mr. Bryan made a red-hot speech, encouraging bi-metalism and declaring that the free silver fight must go on. He said in part:

"I have never lost hope since the election to insure those who labored for free coinage here that we, who in the West and South have more of local victory, recognize the courage and valor with which you made the fight. I do not know of any Democrat or free silver Republican or Populist who deserves more credit than those who made the fight in New York, who are in the center of the gold influence in the United States."

"I appreciate the work which you have done and the moral courage which it has required, and when the election of those years is written the textman will have to say that there were heroes in those days and that New York, New England and the Eastern States furnished their share of those heroes."

"I want to say to those who have fought that the fight is not done. I have found a great many who had not been with us before election day or on the day of the day who have come to us since the election. If your experience has been the same as mine you will find that there has been a profound disappointment among many who were loath to believe that the maintenance of the gold standard or the positive declaration that it would be maintained, that it would restore confidence, revive business and bring back prosperity. This has not been the result. The gold standard is doing now just what it has always done. It is helping those who own money, and wealth."

"I want to say that the agitation will go on until every American citizen understands the money question and then we want them to vote on it and settle it. But I don't believe any question can be settled through the intimidation practiced through money-lenders and employers. Men must be free. They must have the right heart, and I believe the question cannot be settled until the verdict is that of the right heart and not of the body bent down under the lash. I appreciate the opportunity to be with the bimetalists of New York and I shall be glad to bring back the news that the bimetalists of New York are not ashamed of the fight they made."

### The Farragut.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The secretary of the navy this afternoon decided to call the new torpedo boat known as No. 6 the Farragut, in honor of the naval hero. The Farragut arrived at Washington navy yard this morning. She will be given an exhibition run Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock down the Potomac and Secretary Herbert has invited the members of the Senate and House committee on naval affairs to accompany him on the little vessel to show them what wonderful vessel she can make.

## GOV. RUSSELL PROTESTS

### Vigorously Against Mr. Clark's Confirmation.

### BRYAN-BUTLER COMBINE REPUDIATED

### BY THE PRESIDENT IN NOMINATING CLARK.

A Wilmington Candidate for Foreign Consulship, and is Strongly Endorsed by Gov. Russell, Settle and Others.

Special to The Tribune.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—Governor Russell wired a protest today to Senator Pritchard against Mr. Clark's confirmation as judge of the eastern district. Charges are suggested and a hearing is asked. There is no occasion for alarm. It is hardly probable that the nomination will be considered by the judiciary committee on Monday. The appointment is not seriously considered, when the President only meant to repudiate the Bryan-Butler combination, which masqueraded in the late campaign as the Democratic party and which has since assumed additional hyphenation and is now a picturesque factor in state politics.

Chairman Hanna arrived this morning and went immediately to the capitol. He had an extended talk with Senator Pritchard and whatever the topic, both seemed to be pleased when they parted. As chairman of the national committee Mr. Hanna is much concerned about the senatorial election in Oregon. It is said here tonight that it will result certainly in the election of a Republican senator. It is important because on the result the reorganization of the Senate may depend.

Mr. C. A. Kenyon, of The Tribune, arrived last night and was at the capitol today.

Judge Timberlake is here, accompanied by his son, who is under medical treatment. The judge is not looking after the federal judgeship in the sense of being an applicant, but he is a "dark horse" possibility.

Mr. James A. Collins, of Wilmington, will be an applicant for a consulship under the McKinley administration. He is strongly endorsed by Gov. Russell, Representative Settle and others.

The Tribune, delivered here on the day of publication, is a piece of newspaper enterprise that is highly appreciated by its Washington readers, as evidenced by the sale of the paper.

### Savings Bank Failure.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 27.—After a run of an hour this morning the Mullanphy Bank, corner of Broadway and Cass streets, closed its doors. Bank Examiner C. O. Austin immediately took charge, and the following placard was posted on the doors:

"This bank is in the hands of the Secretary of State."

The liabilities are estimated at \$810,000, and Cashier Kammerer says the assets will reach nearly the same figures. The Mullanphy Bank has about 1,500 depositors, and was regarded as one of the most substantial savings institutions in the city. Examiner Austin is inclined to the belief that the bank will not resume business. The filing of a chattel mortgage of \$25,000 by a commission firm is said to be responsible for the run and subsequent failure.

The Clearing House Association has appointed a committee to investigate the failure.

### Holds Two Offices.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 27.—Hazen S. Pingree is Governor of Michigan, according to an opinion rendered by the full bench of the Wayne Circuit Court today.

The decision was upon the mandamus proceedings brought by the Board of Public Works Commissioner Moreland, to request the court of Wayne to declare the office of Mayor vacant, and issue a call for an election, to fill the vacancy. The court holds that Mr. Moreland standing alone, and without the relation of the Attorney General, has no standing in court, and the court has no jurisdiction.

### Died a Natural Death.

Madrid, Feb. 27.—Prime Minister Canovas said at a cabinet council that the question between the American and Spanish government regarding the treatment of prisoners in Cuba by the Spanish authorities was not one of importance. He added that an investigation had shown that Dr. Ruiz, the American citizen, who it was asserted had been murdered in prison Guanabacoa, had died a natural death.

### Editor Guilty of Libel.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 27.—Today Alfred Reed, proprietor, and Walter Christy, political writer on the Commercial Gazette, recently found guilty of criminal libel, on charges brought by Senators William Flinn and C. L. Magee, were sentenced to each pay a fine of \$100 and the costs of prosecution.

### Reduction of Wages.

Bethlehem, Pa., Feb. 27.—The Bethlehem Iron company today announced a general reduction of 10 per cent. in the wages of steel workers, laborers and furnacemen, to go into effect March 1. The reduction affects nearly 1,000 employees. The officials say by this means it is hoped that regular and continuous employment may be afforded.

## FREE PASSES AGAIN

### Senate Took a Pass at the Bill and Killed it.

### SUBSTITUTE BY MR. RAY DEFEATED

### DISPENSARY BILL FOR CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Senate Proceedings Yesterday—A Long Session—Many Bills Passed—Amendment of Town Charters a Feature.

### SENATE.

Senator McNeill conducted the devotional exercises of the Senate yesterday.

After reports of standing committees bills and resolutions were introduced as follows:

Mr. McNeill—To pay D. R. Hyams \$22.50 for services as messenger.

Mr. Clark (by request)—For the appointment of a Code Commissioner.

Mr. Rollins (by request)—To allow mileage to assistant enrolling clerks.

Mr. Anthony—To place Mrs. Lucinda Hayle on the pension list.

Mr. Ray—For the payment of laborers.

Mr. Person—To incorporate the Normal Industrial School of Kitterell.

Mr. Ashburn—To amend chapter 355, laws of 1887, in regard to working convicts on public roads.

Mr. Ramsey—To amend the charter of Salisbury; also to amend section 274 of the Code; also to cheapen and expedite proceedings in the Superior and criminal courts.

Mr. Patterson—To regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors in Union county.

Mr. Lyon—To provide for working the public roads of Durham county.

Mr. Grant—To establish graded schools in Chapel Hill school district.

County, also to authorize an election in Duplin county upon the question of removing the court house.

Mr. Yeager—To extend the corporate limits of the town of Benson.

Mr. Walker—To authorize the collection of back taxes in Rockingham county; also asking the Legislature of Virginia to pass certain laws in regard to dams in Dan River.

Mr. Butler (by request)—In relating to the Agricultural and Mechanical College.

Mr. Mitchell—To regulate the pay of mechanics and laborers.

Mr. Scales—To change the name of the Normal and Industrial School.

Mr. Alexander (by request)—To establish a Normal and Industrial School for the colored race at Charlotte.

Mr. Newsome—To allow Chowan Baptist Female Institute to confer degrees.

Mr. Barker—To repeal section 1195 of the Code; also (by request) to prohibit building mill dams so as to injure or impair property by back water.

Mr. Atwater—To place certain territory in Chatham county in the stock law district. Passed under suspension of the rules.

Mr. McNeill—To amend the charter of North Wilkesboro. Passed under suspension of the rules.

Mr. Person—To authorize the trustees of the Colored Deaf and Dumb Institution to employ two or more physicians.

Bills upon the calendar were taken up and disposed of as follows:

To authorize Chowan Baptist Female Institute to confer honorary degrees. Passed second and third readings.

To amend the charter of Edenton. Tabled.

The bill to prohibit State officers to receive passes was taken up and passed as the special order. Mr. Maulsby moved to table—lost.

Mr. Ray offered a substitute to compel railroads to issue passes to all State officers and to reduce passenger fares to 2 cents a mile for first-class and 1½ cents a mile for second-class.

Mr. Butler moved to amend by making the rates 2½ and 2 cents—accepted.

Upon the question of the substitute ayes and noes were called, and the substitute was lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Abell, Anthony, Barringer, Dickson, Lyon, Ray, 6.

Noes—Alexander, Anderson, Ashburn, Atwater, Barker, Butler, Geddie, Grant, Hardison, Henderson, Maulsby, Maxwell, Mitchell, Moye, Merritt, McCarthy, McCaskey, McNeill, Newsome, Parker of Alamance, Parker of Randolph, Patterson, Person, Ramsay, Roberson, Rollins, Scales, Sharpe of Wilson, Sharpe of Iredell, Smathers, Shore, Utley, Walker, Yeager, 34.

A motion was then made to table, which resulted in a tie as follows:

Ayes—Abell, Anderson, Ashburn, Barker, Cannon, Dickson, Grant, Henderson, Hyatt, Maulsby, McCarthy, McNeill, Oslun, Parker of Alamance, Person, Ramsay, Rollins, Sharpe of Wilson, Sharpe of Iredell, Smathers, Shore, Yeager, 22.

Noes—Alexander, Anthony, Atwater, Barringer, Butler, Earnhardt, Geddie, Hardison, Lyon, Maxwell, Mitchell, Moye, Merritt, McCaskey, Newsome, Parker of Randolph, Patterson, Ray, Roberson, Scales, Utley, Walker, 22.

Mr. Scales, for the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported the omnibus bill.

Consideration of bills was resumed and the following passed second and third readings:

To change the word school to college wherever it occurs in the name of the State Normal and Industrial School.

To create a board of finance for New Hanover county.

To allow Green D. Palmer to peddle without license.

To establish a public ferry across Broad River.

To repeal the charter of the town of Ruffin.

To pay the Raleigh Stationery Company \$38.64.

To permit graduates of Asheville Normal and Collegiate Institute to teach in the public schools without the usual examination for certificates.

To amend chapter 18, Private Laws of 1889.

To establish a dispensary for Cumberland county.

To incorporate Star Lumber and Manufacturing Company.

To authorize collection of arrears of taxes in Rockingham county.

Bills requiring roll calls were taken up and disposed of as follows:

To amend the charter of Asheville and Marion Turnpike Company, Third reading.

To authorize Caldwell county to levy a special tax. Third reading.

To authorize Craven county to hold a special election. Third reading.

To authorize Concord to issue bonds. Third reading.

To authorize Monroe to construct water works. Third reading.

To authorize Guilford county to issue bonds. Third reading.

To amend the charter of Lumberton. Second reading.

To amend the charter of Mt. Airy. Second reading.

To amend the charter of Winston. Second reading.

To amend the charter of Concord. Second reading.

To amend the charter of Cumberland county to issue bonds. Second reading.

To provide for working the public roads of Durham county. Second reading.

To authorize Dare county to levy a special tax. Second reading.

To amend the charter of Salisbury. Second reading.

The following passed second and third readings:

To authorize a special fund in Onslow county treasury to be used for general purposes.

To incorporate Durham public library.

Appropriating \$11,500 a year for two years for an additional building for the colored blind institution.

In relation to the distribution of the rules under which they will contest, Governor Sadler and Sheriff Knox have been quietly gathering about them trusted deputies, who are placed on the pay roll as fast as their services are required. The taxpayers are not grumbling over the additional burden thus placed upon them, and the householders dispense latch keys with a reckless liberality and unbounded confidence in their guests. From half-completed plans of the arena now on exhibition 1,200 tickets have already been sold and a number of sections yet remain untouched. These are the ones which will be reserved for special excursion parties from the east and elsewhere who have already bespoken accommodation. Ring patrons in distant cities thus stand an equal show of getting seats with those who are near the ground.

Visitors are beginning to shed their overcoats today, the sidewalks and street corners having a more cheerful and warm sun. The roads are a little deep with mud, but the sandy loam rapidly absorbs the water, and bicycles are being oiled up for service.

Corbett was stirring about at daylight this morning. He set the punching bag going before breakfast, of which he partook sparingly. Three rounds of hand-ball were next on the schedule, after which Woods and Jeffries took their gruel with the mittens.

The "Los Angeles Wonder" is becoming speedy and he worked some surprises on Jim before the champion dropped to his style.

"I'm learning a great deal," puffed Jeffries after he had stopped a few lefts with his cheek, "but it is rather discouraging to reach out all the time and find nothing. If I could only get in just one punch every day it would satisfy me, but even that is denied me."

Billy Delany, a great deal, puffed Jeffries after he had stopped a few lefts with his cheek, "but it is rather discouraging to reach out all the time and find nothing. If I could only get in just one punch every day it would satisfy me, but even that is denied me."

Fitzsimmons gave his cook a few pointers on broiling beefsteak today. The bad roads prevented him from visiting the city, and he romped about the ranch with Yarnum, his pet dog, instead.

Edna Roacher left his mark on the Cornishman's face yesterday, and Bob's thin lips puffed out like a split watermelon. His nose is slightly on the bias and black streaks about the lids of his left eye attest the sturdy Teuton's hitting power. When told of the gory encounter in which Fitzsimmons received such hard treatment, his friends wink and intimate that the Australian is tampering with herring and creating a false scent to influence betting. No one doubts Bob's ability to keep away from so ponderous a boxer as Roacher, and so the talent concludes that he has entered the ring a pronounced favorite. On form, Fitzsimmons should control the long end. On class, Corbett easily leads. Sporting writers vary their opinions to suit their hearers, and friends of both heavyweights are not including in any long talk.

Quarters were reserved today for John L. Sullivan, who will describe the fight for an eastern paper; Wyatt Earp, who has a similar engagement, and Prof. John Donaldson, Corbett's old sparring partner and warm friend. George Green and Dal Hawkins were about town this morning before retiring to the solitude of the empire city, from which they will emerge March 16.

He Had Friends.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 27.—Otis A. Smith's friends paid the amount of his shortage to the Georgia Security and Banking company today and he was released from jail. He went direct to the Union station and took a train for New Orleans. Smith said that he was going west.

Another "American Citi.en."

London, Feb. 27.—A dispatch from Madrid to the Central News says: Among the fifty-five prisoners taken by the Spanish troops in the uprising at Manila on Thursday is a man who claims to be and undoubtedly is an American citizen. All of the prisoners will be tried by court martial and thirty of them will doubtless be shot.

## CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS

### Everything is Ready for the Big Fight March 16.

### BOTH MEN IN THE FINEST CONDITION

### TRICKY FITZ, BUT THE BOYS ARE ON TO HIM.

Both Men Actively at Work—The Authorities Prepared for "Bad Characters," who will be out in Force.

Carson, Nev., Feb. 27.—The conclusion of the week finds preparations for the Fitzsimmons-Corbett fight and other contests of less magnitude well in hand. All monetary arrangements are complete and satisfactory. The principals have demonstrated that they are fit to battle for their lives even now. Stuart's mammoth coliseum is half finished and the weather has moderated sufficiently to please everybody. An infusion of objectionable characters is being carefully guarded against by the state and municipal authorities and "sure-thing" manipulators are weeded out immediately their presence is detected.

Referee George Siler has conferred with the men to whom the decision will mean glory or disgrace, and they have agreed to abide by his interpretation of the rules under which they will contest. Governor Sadler and Sheriff Knox have been quietly gathering about them trusted deputies, who are placed on the pay roll as fast as their services are required. The taxpayers are not grumbling over the additional burden thus placed upon them, and the householders dispense latch keys with a reckless liberality and unbounded confidence in their guests. From half-completed plans of the arena now on exhibition 1,200 tickets have already been sold and a number of sections yet remain untouched. These are the ones which will be reserved for special excursion parties from the east and elsewhere who have already bespoken accommodation. Ring patrons in distant cities thus stand an equal show of getting seats with those who are near the ground.

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## STATE INSTITUTIONS

Reports on the University and the State Normal.

## HEAD OF OUR EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM

DUTY AND INTEREST OF THE STATE TO MAINTAIN IT.

Facts and Figures Relating to the Principal Educational Institutions of North Carolina Made Plain by Competent Parties.

The following reports on the University and the State Normal and Industrial School were submitted to the General Assembly by the joint committee that recently visited those institutions:

The undersigned, a joint sub-committee appointed to visit the educational institutions of the State, beg leave to make the following report:

We visited and inspected the buildings, dormitories, libraries and other equipment of the University, and witnessed some of the exercises of the institution.

The committee found the following property belonging to the State: A campus of forty-eight acres and a hundred acres of forest land adjacent to the campus, a substantial brick building with tin roofs, one substantial brick building with shingle roof, one Memorial Hall, with tin roof, a building for the care and nursing of the sick, and equipped for the purpose, a frame building for the use of medical students, in dissecting corpses, a brick building containing the kitchen, on pasture and other rooms of Common Hall, a rented frame building used as a dining hall for students, three frame dwellings for Professors, two laboratories for practical work in Chemistry, Biology, Physics, Geology, Mineralogy and Bacteriology, four museums for work and illustration in Geology, Mineralogy, Chemistry, Biology and History, twelve lecture and recitation rooms for instruction in fifteen departments, ninety-one dormitory rooms for occupation by students, a library of forty thousand volumes, and a reading room, two Society Halls for literary culture, containing over six hundred portraits of the most prominent men produced by the State. This property is worth a half million dollars, and nearly the whole of it has been given to the State by philanthropists, and has been received by the State to be devoted to the higher education of youth. It is both the duty and interest of the State to maintain it in such condition as will preserve its integrity, and enable it to be used for the purposes of its creation.

The committee inspected the condition of each building. They are all in fairly good condition with the exception of the Library, Chapel and Dissection room. Nothing appreciable has been spent on the Library building since 1853. The committee earnestly recommends that it be renovated. A new entrance should be made, the partitions taken down and an iron gallery constructed so as to make available thousands of books now out of reach. Also a wood furnace should be placed in the basement to make the room comfortable and to protect it from fire. It is now heated imperfectly by a large stove. The cost of such an improvement would not be more than \$2,500. An iron or tin roof should be put upon the chapel, instead of the present shingle roof, to protect the building from fire, and the inside walls from leakage. The cost of this improvement would not be more than \$200. The dissection room is also badly in need of repairs; it cannot be used in cold weather. This could be done for \$200.

Not one of these buildings is insured. The library, which contains a most valuable collection of books, and antique relics, though valued at \$75,000 or more, the insurance on it is only for the small sum of \$5,000. This should be raised and a sufficient amount should be appropriated to insure the State in a business like way against the total loss of such valuable property. To insure all the property, however, for anything like its real value, would require a much larger sum than the State, and many of the valuable books and relics could never be replaced for any amount of money. The most sensible policy to pursue would be to reduce the danger of fire to a minimum, then the most valuable buildings could be insured at a rate very much reduced. This result could be effected by a proper system of water works; this will be considered subsequently in our report.

To maintain and keep in repair such a large number of buildings and an extensive campus is very costly. The Bureau's books show that the average expenditures for this purpose for the last six years has been \$2,000, and this sum seems to your committee a reasonable amount. Such care and repairs of the State property is a necessity from a business standpoint, to say the least.

The committee was much impressed by the lack of suitable water supply, and the consequent lack of baths and proper water closet arrangements. An adequate water supply is not only essential to health and decency, but it is a great security in case of fire. The present supply is obtained from a large well, and amounts approximately to twelve thousand gallons a day. This is not sufficient for the commonest needs since the increased demand occasioned by the electric plant and the Commons Hall. The campus is closed at times, and the baths are permanently shut off. An increase of ten thousand gallons is needed, and the pumps should be put in every door of the main building. This would be a wise precaution, not because of the protection against fire it would give, but the further fact already adverted to, that no insurance could be obtained to cover the loss of some of the buildings, because the valuable relics and books could never be replaced.

The estimated cost of furnishing this additional supply of water is \$6,125. The committee heard statements from all the Professors, and were much impressed by the rigid economy actually shown in the departments. The determination of the Faculty to keep abreast of the times; they are aggressively progressive in their method of instruction, yet your committee found that the private department were hampered seriously because of the lack of apparatus, and the proper assistance in the way of suitable equipment they absolutely need, and should have. The following are

the lowest estimates your committee could make regarding the needs of these departments:

Chemistry, .....	\$3,000
Biology, .....	500
Latin, .....	500
Modern Languages, .....	100
Geology, .....	100
English, .....	400
Physics, .....	200
Greek, .....	100
Law, .....	170

Besides these needs your committee recognized that much good can be accomplished by extending the usefulness of the University, in the establishment of three new departments, without which no university can attain to that state of usefulness which is expected of it. A Chair of Pharmacy, a Chair of Engineering, and a Chair of Political Science, are the most urgent needs in this direction.

As first mentioned could be established for \$600, and this would afford opportunity for study for at least thirty to forty young men who now are compelled to go out of the State and carry with them thousands of dollars.

Income of University:	
1st. From State Appropriation, .....	\$20,000
2nd. Invested Funds, .....	6,550
3rd. Fees and Tuition, .....	17,237

Total Income, .....

Salaries to fifteen Professors, .....

For fuel, lights and labor, .....

repairs and running expenses of all kinds, special appropriation and miscellaneous, .....

Total expenditures, .....

Annual deficit, .....

It will be seen from this that the income of the University is entirely consumed in the service of the Professors, and the bearing of the running expenses of the plant. No margin is left for the purchase of needed apparatus or the employment of sufficient competent assistants in the various departments. Neither can any proper expression of the University's usefulness and requirements be made with the needs and requirements of the State. This is the State's property, its usefulness should be kept intact. But a condition confronts us—a condition of the Treasury. We know these needs are actual and urgent, and we desire to say, if the Treasury justified it, we would gladly recommend that they be met. We believe, however, they can be met in a few years, and that by a small annual appropriation the institution can be kept on the up grade, but without it, it cannot go forward.

We can only hope to meet these needs by degrees, and recommend the passage of an accompanying bill, which provides for an additional appropriation of \$5,000.

The cost of maintaining the University plant, and keeping it in perfect repair, is about \$5,300. We recommend this as the lowest possible amount upon which the University can hold its present position of usefulness in the State, and the State should bear the expense.

We do recommend this most sincerely, earnestly and with the hope that this General Assembly will meet the absolute needs of one of the best institutions in the country—the pride of the old State.

There are about four hundred students and one hundred and sixty Summer School students in the University. Your committee had the pleasure of seeing the young men at morning prayers. The spirit everywhere visible was equality, opportunity and self help. The manly and courteous demeanor of the students, and the spirit of economy everywhere prevalent, is impressive evidence of the value of the work done by them.

The committee is entirely satisfied that the University is doing a grand service to the State, and that it is nearer the people than ever before, and that it merits the care and support of the Legislature, as well as the esteem and patronage of the people.

For the Committee, CLAUDIUS DOCKERY, Chairman.

Your committee's visit to the Normal and Industrial School, located at Durham, North Carolina, was a most successful one. The State is making no wiser investment anywhere than at that remarkably successful institution.

We found an able Faculty in charge of a body of students more than four hundred in number, so earnest in purpose, and so loyal to their State and its Institution, that as citizens, we feel prouder of the State than ever before. The students represent every part of the State, and though the institution is only a little more than four years old, there are only three counties, Brunswick, Jackson and Yancey, that have not patronized it. Your committee is prepared to echo the sentiment expressed by Dr. Curry in his address before the General Assembly, that "the wonderful success of this institution has been unparalleled in the history of educational institutions of its kind in the United States."

No report that has been made and none that we can make can give to the General Assembly an adequate conception of this school, which we regard as the greatest enterprise undertaken by the State. It is impossible for those who have not visited it to fully appreciate the magnitude of its work.

The committee inspected the premises carefully, going over the grounds and the buildings, and examining thoroughly its work and its needs as set forth in the printed report of the Board of Directors. The institution owns three brick buildings, the main college building, a large dormitory and a good industrial building. It also has for dormitories two wooden structures, one rented from the State Board of Education, and the other from a private owner. The three dormitories accommodate about three hundred and forty boarders, and the other students board in private families.

We were impressed with the general crowding both in the dormitories and in the recitation rooms, and also with the fact that none of the buildings were finished or furnished as they ought to be. Lack of paint and plastering was noticeable everywhere. There was abundant evidence of economy in the development and management of the institution, and while we commend the Board of Directors for having accomplished so much with the amount of money at their command, we believe it our duty to say to the General Assembly that the State cannot afford to leave this property longer in an unfinished condition. The interior of the buildings ought to be painted, the windows in the main building are without blinds, there is need of one more coat of plastering throughout the buildings, the heating system is incomplete, there are not enough bath rooms, and the general furnishings are inferior to those of North Carolina's other public institutions.

The committee saw urgent need for the following improvements, which after conscientious investigation, it deems necessary for properly carrying out the work of the college:

1. A practical and observation school building; at present a part of a dormitory is used for this important department of the institution.

2. The Library needs large additions, as it is painfully inadequate to the purpose of a great institution. We recommend that not less than \$4,000 be appropriated for this purpose.

3. The Laboratory needs a department of women, a department of Horticulture, in which are taught the culture of vegetables, flowers and small fruits, is essential. Moreover, this department cannot be sustained with a department of dairying and poultry culture, in charge of a man competent to take charge of the grounds, and after the department is properly equipped, it can become self sustaining.

An appropriation of \$7,000 will be needed for this purpose.

4th. A good Gymnasium and Society Halls are urgent needs, and the committee think \$10,000 necessary for that purpose.

5th. A new kitchen, costing \$2,000, would be a very economical expenditure. The present kitchen is too small, and on a level six feet below the dining room.

6th. A laundry building is an absolute necessity, and will cost about \$3,000.

7th. The Auditorium used for Chapel and study hall is barely sufficient to accommodate the students when no other audience assembles, but by an expenditure of \$4,000 its capacity could be increased nearly one-third.

8th. The extension of the heating apparatus to the new parts of the main buildings, and to the Infirmary, is important, and would cost \$2,000.

All these estimates amount to \$42,000, and it would be a good investment if the State could see its way clear to supply all these needs at once. Even then there would be unsupplied many things necessary for the proper equipment and development of the school.

In view of the condition of the Treasury, it is the opinion of the committee that instead of appropriating \$21,000 a year for two years, it would be wiser to make an annual appropriation of \$12,500 to aid in making the above improvements as soon as the Board of Directors deem practicable, and in the order of the greatest needs.

The income of the Normal and Industrial School is barely sufficient to maintain the school, and considering the current needs for repairs and for proper educational equipment of the various departments. The present annual appropriation of \$12,500, and the aid of about \$3,000 a year from the Peabody fund, is not sufficient for salaries of faculty. The tuition and incidental fees will be needed for several years to make repairs, and pay off indebtedness contracted for necessary additional dormitory room and already partly paid for by the fees of the past two years.

With all the needs of this great and useful institution before us, with a knowledge of the fact that all Federal aid to industrial education in this State goes to men and to women of the colored race, with all the large denominational endowments to colleges as yet unavailable for white women, we can see no good reason why the State should not appropriate to either of its two institutions for the education of men.

The fact that about three-fourths of its students become teachers, and that probably one-fourth of the students of male colleges, whether supported by the church or by the State, become teachers, emphasizes the wisdom of giving the State's only institution for the education of white women two institutions for the education of men.

Your committee regrets that it cannot recommend such an appropriation as the Normal and Industrial School needs and deserves. It cannot conscientiously recommend less than it has hence to its sense of justice to our women and to its judgment as to the State's best and highest educational interests.

We recommend the passage of the accompanying bill.

For the committee, CLAUDIUS DOCKERY, Chairman.

DURHAM NOTES.

Important Arrest—Identification of Stolen Goods—Cleveland's Motive in Nominating Clark.

Durham, N. C., Feb. 28. Last night Policeman Cuts arrested a white man here for being drunk on the street, who gave his name as James Henderson. Later, when news came of the whole-sale sale of W. B. Sowell's jewelry store at Chapel Hill on Wednesday night, and when Henderson asked him to send to a house in the suburb of Hayti for his valise, the police opened it and found one dozen watches, seventy pair of spectacles, pocket knives, jewelry of every description, pistols, &c., evidently the property stolen from W. B. Sowell, Henderson was held on this charge.

Mr. Sowell and the authorities at Chapel Hill were notified of his arrest, and at 1:30 P. M. Mr. Sowell, accompanied by Mr. R. A. Babank, arrived here in a buggy to identify the property.

There will probably be a preliminary hearing before a magistrate here in the morning, when Henderson will be taken to Orange jail to await the next term of the Criminal Court. The prisoner has so far declined to tell where he is from. Apparently he is about twenty-five years old.

Ex-Judge A. W. Graham, who left Washington city last night, passed through his home at Oxford to-day. He was under the impression that Mr. Cleveland only sent the name of W. W. Clark, of Newberne, to the Senate as successor to Judge Seymour, as a personal favor to Senator Palmer, without hope of his confirmation by the Senate.

To night the ladies hold an entertainment in the Opera-House for the benefit of the Waters Hospital, now needing funds to take care of the large number of indigent victims of the gripe.

Messrs. Sowell and Eubanks have seen the goods found in Henderson's possession, and identified them easily at once, their coats marks not having been removed, and it looks like Henderson is in a hole. The value of the property amounts to several hundred dollars.

Fire at Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 26.—Fire broke out this evening at 12 o'clock in the cotton warehouse of L. B. Lee & Co., and Johnson & Co., and although the department was assisted by four fire trucks, three hours hard work was necessary to subdue the flames. The damage to the building \$1,500, fully insured. The stock is valued at about \$30,000, and the extent of damage thereto cannot be ascertained until the smoldering cotton is removed. It is insured fully, however.

To-night at 9 o'clock, the fire again broke out, but was soon subdued.

## Floy Crowell.

Speaking of "The Circus Girl," which will be included in the repertoire of Miss Floy Crowell at the Metropolitan Opera House next week, the Norfolk Landmark says:

"Circus Girl" was presented by the Floy Crowell Dramatic Company at the Academy last night and nothing could have better shown the versatility of the members of the company. This is a farce comedy, and was as well done as was the melo-drama, "Molly Bawn" on the previous night. Miss Crowell received admirable support from Harry Leighton, Mr. Emory and the other actors and actresses. Mark Bennett in his descriptive songs and Victor Morley repeated their successes. For a popular priced attraction nothing better than the Crowell Company has been in Norfolk for many months."



Seats for "Molly Bawn." Monday night's bill, are now on sale at King's. Ladies can secure (30 cent seats for 15 cents) by reserving them before 5 p. m. Monday. Ten and 20 cent matinees will be given Wednesday and Saturday at 2:30.

## REJOICING ON THE HILL

Over the Appropriation to the University—College Notes.

CHAPEL HILL, Feb. 27.

It is needless to say that everybody on the "Hill" feels greatly rejoiced over the increased appropriation to the University. The announcement of it was made at prayer yesterday morning, amidst the deafening applause of the student body, all of whom felt as if they would like to give "three yells" in honor of the Legislature, and also a few additional for those who so ably championed the cause of the University.

It is reported here that some enterprising Durham capitalists are considering the question of connecting Chapel Hill and Durham by an electric railway at an early date.

Literary work in all departments of the University seems, of late, to have received a new impetus.

The Dialectic and Philanthropic Literary Societies have been in correspondence with the University of Georgia in regard to a debate with them. All arrangements have been made and the debate will probably take place some time during the month of May.

The law class of Georgetown University has challenged the law class here to a joint debate. The contest will, no doubt, take place if the "preliminaries" can be satisfactorily arranged.

The third of the series of lectures inaugurated by the faculty was delivered yesterday evening by Prof. Gore. His subject was the "Calendar." An account of the invention of the calendar and the methods of perfecting it were given. The Jewish, Mohammedan and other methods of reckoning time were also described, together with a number of other facts entering into the computation of time, which are not generally known.

A telegram received here yesterday stated that a white man about twenty-five or twenty-six years of age had been arrested as the burglar who broke into W. B. Sowell's jewelry store a few nights ago. He refused to tell his name, but said that he had never been to Chapel Hill. Several pistols and a number of other articles, which answered to the description of some of the missing articles, were found in his possession. He will be brought here for trial today. It is believed that there are others around Chapel Hill who are implicated in the crime.

J. W. N.

## TRIBUNE ENDORSED

In Public Meeting—Fires of Friday Night—Six Alarms, Two False.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 27.—Weather yesterday cloudy, damp, and generally disagreeable; today clear but chilly.

The chief topics of interest are of course the fires of last night. For a time the situation was fraught with the gravest probabilities. Six different alarms of fire were sent in, but four of them were false. Whether these false alarms were sent in purposely by mischievous persons, or were the result of the miserable condition of our fire alarm system, it is hard to say. I do know that the false alarms were none the less terrifying to such of our people who were not aware that they were false alarms.

The total loss of both fires will amount to over \$50,000, said loss being about two-thirds insured.

Wilmington is evidently in the hands of a gang of firebugs. In addition to the terrible fires of last night, early this morning a fire was discovered in a hall behind Mr. I. Schriver's dry goods store, corner Front and Princess streets. A heap of paper and the matting at the foot of the stairs were ablaze. Kerosene oil had been thrown around liberally, and had it not been for the quick work of the young men who first saw it, another big fire might now have been in progress.

A word must be said in praise of the herculean efforts of our volunteer fire department, which was untiring in the work of fighting the fire. Under the command of Assistant Chief Charles Schneppen, the different fire companies worked like Trojans. It can safely be said that had it not been for them Wilmington would have probably been wiped off the map.

The Representative Howe to introduce Lockey's bill, and the fact that he is aiding thereby the passage of the former objectionable bill, has caused this gentleman to be vigorously "cussed" and execrated. The political situation here is developing some interesting features and will bear watching.

In Thursday night's meeting THE TRIBUNE was praised for its stand and endorsement of local self-government.

H. W. P.

## THE Commercial and Farmers Bank, RALEIGH, N. C.

Commenced Business September 30, 1891

Statement of Condition December 31, 1896.

CAPITAL STOCK, .....	\$100,000.00
SURPLUS FUND, .....	16,000.00
NET UNDIVIDED PROFITS, .....	8,708.47
DEPOSITS, .....	330,033.23

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

OFFICERS: J. J. Thomas, Pres. Alf. A. Thompson, Vice Pres. B. S. Jernan, Cashier. H. W. Jackson, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS: J. J. Thomas, Ashley Horne, G. W. Watts, J. B. Hill, H. B. Battle, B. N. Duke, Thos. H. Briggs, A. F. Page, Fred. Phillips, H. A. London, A. A. Thompson, Jno. W. Scott, R. B. Roney, J. E. Shepherd.

## The National Bank of Raleigh, RALEIGH, N. C.

Capital Paid In, .....

Surplus and Undivided Profits, .....

Officers: Chas. H. Belvin, President. Chas. L. Johnson, Vice President, F. H. Briggs, Cashier.

Directors: Chas. M. Busbee, J. A. Briggs, J. B. Batchelor, Chas. E. Johnson, Julius Lewis, F. O. Morine, W. R. Tucker.

Depositors' Security and Protection.—(Section 515, from United States Banking Laws.) "The shareholders of every national banking association shall be held individually responsible, equably and ratably, and not one for another, for all contracts, debts, and engagements of such association, to the extent of the amount of their stock therein, at the par value thereof, in addition to the amount invested in such shares."

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Caraleigh Phosphate and Fertilizer Works

RALEIGH, N. C.

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Keep out of the tub, and send your clothes to

## THE EXCELSIOR STEAM LAUNDRY

Where we neither rub, Nor do we scrub And wear out the clothes so, But make them white as snow,

BY A STEAM PROCESS.

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SOWERS & HARDING, Proprietors. Phone 19. 105 and 107 West Martin Street.



## THE DAILY TRIBUNE

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The Tribune Takes the Full Wire Service of the Southern Associated Press.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1897.

It is all plain to us now. That speech of Judge Avery before the Populist caucus did the work. It was the last straw that broke the camel's back.

WHAT a scene for a master artist to paint! Senator Sharpe sitting at the feet of His Excellency, the Governor, and Judge Avery breathing inspiration on the lease question.

THE Caucasian, in its last issue, refers to the present Legislature as a "damnable disgrace." Indeed! It is very hard to please the Caucasian; the only instance on record where it ever smiled its approval was when the beautiful, beatific Ayer stepped from nonentity into the Auditor's chair.

FIVE more working days, gentlemen of the General Assembly, and your service is over! Much valuable work remains to be done. Whilst it is always well to make haste slowly, there must be hard, laborious and constant work to clear the calendar of hundreds of local bills of vital importance to each community, and several public bills of material interest to the people of the State. There should be from now to the end of the session three sittings every day.

THE News and Observer idea of snatching victory from the jaws of defeat is peculiar. Friday morning it denounced the Grant bill in unmeasured terms, and printed a slugged statement from the Governor to the effect that the bill, if passed, would defeat legislation in regard to the North Carolina Railroad lease. That was before the vote was taken. A few hours later the Grant bill was passed, presumably with all the consequences that attended it earlier in the day. But the next morning our esteemed contemporary claimed that the passage of the bill was a substantial victory for the opponents of the lease. Thus was defeat transformed into victory and Josephus became a hero.

Now that it is authentically announced from Washington that the appointment of Judge to fill the vacancy caused by the decease of the lamented Seymour will be made from the bar of the Eastern District, there appears to be absolute unanimity of expression among Republicans in favor of the appointment of His Excellency, the Governor. And THE TRIBUNE hastens to assure His Excellency that this unanimity is not unanimity in a Pickwickian sense, but is heartfelt and genuine. Not that the Republicans desire to lose their Governor—the only one they have had in nearly a quarter of a century—but they feel that he is peculiarly fitted for high judicial honors, and that this appointment will take him from the storm-tossed billows in which he is now buffeting, into a haven of rest and quiet. THE TRIBUNE joins his thousands of Republican friends in urging His Excellency to give up his present annoying and vexatious position, and accept a position in which it assures him he will have nothing to do, an indefinite term of office, and a handsome salary.

## SHROVE-TUESDAY, ASH-WEDNESDAY AND THE FORTY DAYS OF LENT.

In view of the near approach of Lent, we give the following account of the origin and nature of that important feature of the Christian year:

This day (Sunday, February 28), is called Quinquagesima Sunday, to enumerate in round numbers the days until Easter. Tuesday next is Shrove-Tuesday, a name given to it from the old Saxon words, shrive, shrift, or shrove, which mean confession or to confess or be confessed.

In the Romish communion this confession is then made by way of preparation for the thorough and proper observance of the holy season of Lent which follows.

## ORIGIN OF LENT.

We learn from Christian historians that from the very first ages of christianity it was customary for Christians to set apart some time for mortification and self-denial to prepare themselves for the feast of Easter. Irenaeus, who lived but ninety years from the death of St. John, and who had conversed with St. Polycarp as Polycarp had with St. John, informs us that it was observed in his time, and had been by his predecessors. It is believed by many writers upon its origin the Christian Lent as now observed, took its origin from the period of preparation which the Jews observed for their annual passover. They spent forty days in fasting and humiliation before the sacrifice of expiation, and so the primitive Christians, following the custom and also the example of their Lord and Master in his forty days of fasting, set up this fast as a proper preparation for the proper celebration of the great feast which marks the completion of Christ's work in making expiation for the sins of the world.

The length of the fast varied greatly at first, but was finally lengthened to forty days, in accordance with the numerous examples in Scripture, as, for example, Moses and Elijah, but pre-eminently that of our blessed Lord; and so the period was finally fixed at forty days.

## MEANING OF THE WORD LENT.

Lent derives its name from another old Saxon word—*Lent*, which means *Spring*, the beginning of the fast being always so placed in the calendar that it may end at Easter. During this time we are reminded of our Savior's fasting and of His sufferings which ended at His resurrection. During this season a certain amount of abstinence is expected of all sincere and earnest church people, though no rules are enforced in regard to it, except in the Romish Communion, and among those who are disposed to imitate her ways. No marriages are allowed within the season, and church people are expected to abstain themselves from all places of amusement, and confine their lives to those exercises of mind and spirit which will conduce to fulfilling of the purposes of the fast.

## ASH-WEDNESDAY.

The first day of Lent is called Ash-Wednesday. It was once called Caput Jejunii, or Head of the Feast. Then it was called Dies Cinerum or Ash Wednesday.

The Sundays in Lent are not fast days, so this day is chosen so that there may be forty days of fasting before Easter.

The name Ash-Wednesday was derived from an early custom, which is thus described by Grotius: "On the first day of Lent the penitents presented themselves to the Bishop, clothed in sack-cloth, with naked feet and eyes turned to the ground; this was done in the presence of the clergy, who were to judge of the sincerity of their penitence. These introduced them into the church, when the Bishop, and all in tears, repeated the seven penitential psalms. Then, rising from prayers, they threw ashes upon them and covered them with sack-cloth. Then they were driven from the church with sternness, and reminded that as Adam was driven from Paradise for his sin, so they must leave the church which they had defiled by their sins. Though this discipline seemed severe, yet it has been perpetuated in some portions of the Church, and the custom of sprinkling ashes on the head as a sign of penitence and

distress may be witnessed with each recurrence of the day.

The whole purpose and spirit of the day, and of the season of Lent, is beautifully expressed in the collect for Ash-Wednesday, which is repeated every day throughout Lent.

"Almighty and everlasting God, who hastest nothing that Thou hast made, and dost forgive the sins of those who are penitent: create and make in us new and contrite hearts, that we worthily lamenting our sins, and acknowledging our wretchedness, may obtain of Thee, the God of all mercy, perfect remission and forgiveness through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen!"

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY CHARTER.

There are a few suggestions and questions in the following, which we wish to call to the attention of legislators. It would be wise if such would look into this proposed change in the city government of Raleigh. The manner in which city officers are chosen in Raleigh is a time-honored custom, and is the general rule throughout the United States, and without question the most satisfactory and economical that could be devised, so far as our experience leads in the knowledge of city government affairs.

What is said below is gathered from an interview with one of the most prominent citizens of Raleigh, and deserves consideration:

Section 1. Provides the removal of cases for violation of city ordinances from before the Mayor to some Justice of the Peace upon oath of defendant that he cannot obtain justice before the Mayor.

The detriment the adoption of such a provision would work must be seen at a glance. It would tie the hands of the Mayor, and render him helpless in controlling the lawless and disreputable element. Any misdemeanor under the State law, such as assault, assault and battery, affray, cruelty to animals, carrying concealed weapons, &c., &c., can now be removed from the Mayor upon making the necessary affidavit, but it would be ruinous to include violations of city ordinances, and the Legislature should not permit it.

Sec. 3. Repealing tax on church property amounts to nothing, from the fact that none is collected.

Sec. 4. Why should the Board of County Commissioners be given the option of putting on the roads criminals sent from the city?

Who supports the hands now at work building the roads of the county?

Wake county, so says Sheriff Page, collects for the special purpose the sum of sixty-two hundred and seventeen dollars and eighty-five cents. Of this amount Raleigh township pays \$6,126.59; other townships \$91.26. The city of Raleigh pays of this \$6,126.59 more than two-thirds, or over \$4,000.

Does Raleigh receive any direct benefit from her contribution?

The road law, the most iniquitous on the statute books of the State, provides that not one lick of work shall be done within the corporate limits of the city of Raleigh by the hands of the county.

WORTHY of all honor are the four Populist Senators who had the courage to oppose the Avery railroad bill, though twenty other Populists supported it. These four—Barker, Earnhardt, Odum, Wakefield—stood by the committee, and voted with it on every roll call. Without their assistance, one of the most vicious pieces of legislation ever attempted in North Carolina could not have been defeated.

Senator Grant's substitute railroad bill, which the Senate yesterday passed, does not vitiate the lease of the North Carolina Railroad to the Southern Railway, but reduces the term of years from 99 to 30, making it 36 years, including the unexpired term. This is a just provision, and the Observer commends the bill. The North Carolina Railroad Directors having been entirely exonerated by the Special Senate Committee, it looks as if this matter were about to be adjusted satisfactorily and happily all around.—Charlotte Observer.

## Around the Lobby.

The majority of the members of the Assembly seemed very much pleased at the success of those who fought for the lease Friday, and it is almost the universal verdict that the result meets the approval of the leading members and the people generally in North Carolina. Representative Candler, the able "gentleman from Buncombe," made an eloquent speech to the members yesterday favoring the minority report on the dispensary bill question from the county of Buncombe. Mr. Candler has an irreproachable record as a prohibitionist, and has fought many a battle on this line.

The galleries were crowded yesterday with charming, bright faced ladies, and others who were interested spectators in the proceedings. There was also a noticeable delegation of bright young men from the A. and M. College, taking points on legislative matters.

Mr. E. O. Mastin, who has made such a commendable Principal Clerk, in his courteous and gentlemanly way has met the wants and desires of the members in a prompt and efficient manner. He has been ably assisted by Mr. E. D. Stanford, the competent Journal Clerk, who has the honor of being the editor and owner of that bright Republican weekly, The Yadkinville Rippler. They make a combination that is hard to beat, and are clerks that reflect credit on the House of Representatives.

Quite a number of the younger members of the House, and not a few of the married and older members, have been guilty of flirting with the fair sex in the gallery during the past few days. But they are excusable, for it is impossible to look upon the bright faces of the ladies without admiring them.

Senator W. W. Rollins, who represents the Thirty-third District in the Senate, is a powerful member, and very popular with his colleagues and friends.

J. Will Roberts, the handsome young member from Madison county, has made quite a pleasant record for a young man, and he is recognized as a bright, influential member.

Hon. Spencer Blackburn, the Representative from Ashe, was caught making new "gallery looks" yesterday, and it is said that "she smiled a sweet smile," which was only intended for him, but was also caught by Claude Dockery, the handsome representative from Richmond.

Col. V. S. Lusk, of Buncombe, made a grand appeal to the members yesterday in behalf of the dispensary bill, which was delivered in a most effective manner. He said that all he wanted was the members of the Legislature to let Mr. Candler and myself handle the interests of Buncombe county in their own way, and that the people knew what they wanted there.

Senator Hyatt was busy yesterday receiving the congratulations of his friends over the able and effective manner in which he had resented an insult to a true citizen of North Carolina.

Col. John Cunningham, of the Democratic wing of the House, is one of the leading Democrats in the State, and is a prominent figure in the House of Representatives.

Hon. John F. Newsom, of the Senate, is a strong advocate of the people's interests, and makes a Senator that the First District is proud of.

Dr. B. F. Dixon is the handsomest man in the General Assembly, and with his able intellect and dignified way of handling legislative matters is quite a favorite in the House.

The "Old Red Fox" of Wilkes, General John Q. A. Bryan, is one of the most jovial members of the House of Representatives, and has during many terms occupied a seat therein, and has taken active part in many sessions of the Assembly.

Spencer Blackburn, the gentleman from Ashe made a most eloquent speech yesterday fighting the dispensary bill. With his coat unbuttoned he went at the bill in great shape, and said that the people of Buncombe county should keep this matter out of the Legislature, and handle it in their own county.

Hon. A. E. Walters, the Democratic member from Rockingham, is looked upon as one of the dignified members of the House of Representatives, and is a strong advocate for the best interests of the people of North Carolina.

Mr. J. F. Hays, manager of the property of the Toxaway Land Company is in the city, interested in legislative matters for the incorporation of the Company. He is an able gentleman, and if the Toxaway Land Company is composed of such gentlemen as he is, it is a credit to North Carolina, and should receive all the aid and support that the members of our Legislature can give. Mr. Hays in his friendly and agreeable manner has made quite a number of friends since his arrival in town.

Hon. Lillias Burdette Chapin is doing much good work in the House of Representatives, and he is an ac-

tive worker who looks after the interests of the county of Harnett. Messrs. Ollie Dockery, J. F. Hays, J. C. L. Harris, Josiah Turner, Ky. Gudger, H. J. Ewart, W. R. Henry, J. B. Mason, W. E. White and others were prominent visitors at the House of Representatives yesterday.

## Hurrah for Grant.

Carolina Press.

It seems pretty well settled that Grant will be appointed Collector of public sentiment in this and the Western portion of the State is any evidence. And our public men can't afford to ignore this sentiment.

We see that Mr. Grant has just returned from Washington; where everything seems to indicate that he will have clear sailing.

The people of the West are proud of this mountain boy, and are determined he shall be rewarded for his faithful and consistent party service. His ability and qualifications are all that could be required. He springs from the people, where all our best and most useful and public servants come from.

He is not a political trickster nor a chronic office-seeker. He refused a renomination for Sheriff in Henderson county last time, which was equivalent to an election, but pulled off his coat and rolled up his sleeves and went to work for McKinley, Pearson and the whole Republican ticket. He was an original McKinley, Pearson and Pritchard man, and did valiant service for them.

His friends ask his appointment, and he is going to get there, too, or the rank and file will know the reason why.

Who killed the Lease Bill?

I, said Ki Gudger,

With my bow and arrow—

I killed the Lease Bill!

Who killed the Lease Bill?

I, said Jim Moody,

With my little axe—

I killed the Lease Bill!

Who killed the Lease Bill?

I, said Senator Grant,

With my little substitute—

I killed the Lease Bill!

Who killed the Lease Bill?

I, said Judge Avery,

With my Pop. speech—

I killed the Lease Bill!

Who killed the Lease Bill?

I, said Senator Hyatt,

With my little fist—

I killed the Lease Bill!

Among the more important public measures to be acted on are The Code Commission bill, the Reformatory bill, the bill amending the election law, and the Revenue and Machinery acts.

It will be a burning shame if this General Assembly adjourns without establishing a State Reformatory. A revision of The Code is absolutely essential. The bill now before the Senate establishing a Code Commission should become a law. The Commissioners named in the bill are admirably qualified. No men are better equipped for such positions in the State than Col. John W. Hinsdale and Hon. Geo. H. Smathers, Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee, able, conscientious, learned in the law, they will frame a code that our people will be proud of.

With the threat of the Butler Populists to unite with the ultra democracy of the State, the Republicans cannot afford to take any chances. Let the bill electing commissioners of election, with the other needful amendments, pass at once.

## Paired Again.

Representative McCrary was very much "paired" again yesterday afternoon. A roll call ballot was in progress in the House when a demand was made that Mr. McCrary vote. It was discovered that he was in the lady's gallery, and a colleague stated that he was evidently "paired." Speaker Hileman said it was necessary that the pair be announced. The facts in the case were that the young Representative was conversing with four young ladies, of course the "pair" was not announced. However, there was some "tall" blushing not only on the part of the young ladies, but by Mr. McCrary as well. Unless the signs of the times are very deceptive, he will undoubtedly be "paired" for life before he is very much older. Amen.

## Read the Statement.

In this issue of THE TRIBUNE will be found the annual statement of the Old Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., to which special attention is called. The statement of the company speaks for itself; it is a splendid record, of which the company may well feel proud.

The "Old Phoenix" is one of the very best companies in the entire country. It offers most attractive contracts to its policy holders. Our townsman, Mr. T. Hay, is the general agent for the State of North Carolina and Virginia, with the central office over the Citizens National Bank, in Raleigh.

## VENEZUELAN COMMISSION.

Enormous Mass of Evidence Collected.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The Venezuelan commission terminated its existence today at noon when the members, Justice Brewer, Frederic R. Coudert, Andrew D. White, Justice Ayer, and President Gilman, accompanied by Secretary Mallet-Provost, accompanied by President and delivered a report on the work accomplished in the year of its existence.

While the report does not indicate any conclusion as to the merits of the controversy which led to the appointment of the commission, the work has been stopped before the actual termination of a true division of the two British Guiana and Venezuela had actually been undertaken. It is understood that he has a mass of evidence collected through the commission's efforts will make it impossible by an impartial jury to determine this evidence, which has not yet been printed, is completely situated in the archives of the state department, where it will be available at Paris in 1898.

Today's visit to the President was brief and marked with the expressions of the President's satisfaction.

## Mill Wrecked by Boiler Explosion.

New Bedford, Mass., Feb. 27.—This morning shortly after 6 o'clock the mill of the Acushnet mill was wrecked by a boiler explosion. Two men and a boy were killed, and several others were injured. The whole city was thrown into a state of intense excitement.

A piece of exploded boiler, weighing a ton, shot high into the air, clearing the three-story mill and landed on the roof of the South police station, a quarter of a mile away, completely wrecking the upper story of the station.

In addition to this the glass in nearly every window in the surrounding mill was shattered and a hole nearly twenty feet square was broken through the picket-room of the mill to the east of the boiler house by flying boiler tubes. So far as is known at present only two employees have been killed, but it is a miracle that the list of dead was not quadrupled. The money loss is estimated at \$40,000.

## The Y. M. C. A. Convention.

Petersburg, Va., Feb. 27.—The State convention of the Young Men's Christian association at its session today heard an interesting address from State Secretary L. A. Coulter, who spoke on personal work. A telegram of greetings was received and read from H. O. Williams, the former state secretary, who is now in Middleton, Conn. Plans for 1897 were taken up by Mr. S. E. McKee, of Richmond, was in the chair, and asked representatives of the associations present to testify to the help given the State committee.

Don P. Halsey, of Lynchburg, extended the convention an invitation to hold the next convention in Lynchburg. This matter was referred to the State executive. In the afternoon session an address was delivered by Dr. McBryde, of Lexington, Va.

Tonight a service for railroad men was held, and an address delivered by E. L. Hilton, of Chicago, railroad secretary international committee.

## Sun Cotton Report.

New York, Feb. 27.—Spot cotton advanced 1/2 cent, with sales of 1,700 bales for export and 147 for spinning. Milling uplands, 7 1/2-16, against 7 1/2-16 last year; New Orleans and gulf, 7 1/2-16 against 8 1/2-16 last year.

The seed market was decidedly bullish and prices scored a substantial improvement. Liverpool was higher, both for futures and spots, with a good demand for spot cotton. Europe and the south bought here. Manchester reported a good demand at strong prices. The receipts were light. There was very little disposition to sell and shorts covered.

Prices opened higher, advanced steadily and closed firm at the best figures of the day. Many contented that the fact that there is a greater short interest in the market than was generally believed to exist was developed and nervous on account of the scarcity of spot cotton at the south.

## Appointed Receivers.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 27.—James A. Anderson, of Atlanta, and M. A. O'Byrne, of Savannah, were today appointed permanent receivers of the Southern Mutual Building and Loan Association. They will divide one salary between them. Judge Lumpkin announced. Judge Anderson was temporary receiver and Mr. O'Byrne is the new president of the association. An effort was made to have the hearing postponed, but the stockholders who obtained the temporary receivership, objected. Wiley Burnett, of counsel for the stockholders, said that \$200,000 of the association assets and funds had been loaned to William Ellis, former counsel for the association, declared that it is able to pay dollar for dollar. Nothing has been heard from W. C. Hale, the missing president. It is rumored that he sailed from New York for England last week.

## Ecclesiastical Commission.

Rome, Feb. 27.—The Pope has appointed a commission composed of members of the Sacred Congregation of the council and studies, charged with the consideration of the subject to be delivered at the coming council to be held at Baltimore.

It is reported that Monsignor Ruffini Tedeschi has been appointed apostolic commissioner to Canada.

## The Magnates Adjourn.

Baltimore, Md., Feb. 27.—The local magnates decided upon Philadelphia as the place for their full meeting of 1897 and on St. Louis for the scheduled meeting for the season of 1898. John B. Day, of New York, the chosen chief of the magnates, then the magnates adjourned sine die.

## Cement Works Burned.

Canton, Ohio, Feb. 27.—The Buckeye Cement Works, Middle Branch, three miles from here, were completely destroyed by fire this morning, causing a loss of about \$100,000. The works were owned by Cleveland capitalists. Seventy-five men were thrown out of employment.

## Death of a Great Lawyer.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 27.—Ex-Judge William W. Camp, the most distinguished lawyer of this city, died at 4:30 p. m. today, aged 78. He served in the city council, in the Legislature, as circuit judge, as assistant secretary of the Confederate treasury, and in many other public positions.







## Cabinet Rumors.

New York, Feb. 26.—The Evening Sun says:

It was announced in the city today that Col. John L. McCook has positively declined to enter the cabinet of President McKinley as secretary of the interior.

The announcement is also made that while Gen. Stewart L. Woodford is still a candidate for a cabinet place with the endorsement of the Republican organization, the chances are that New York will not be represented in the cabinet.

When Maj. McKinley first asked Col. McCook to become a member of the cabinet no particular portfolio was mentioned. A friend of Col. McCook said today that he expected that he would be asked to serve as attorney general, and this place he would have accepted.

But within a day or two the general received a letter asking him to accept the portfolio of secretary of the interior. This, it is understood, he promptly and positively declined.

## Perrine Land Grant all Right.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—The Perrine grant involving 23,000 acres of land in Florida, which has been under investigation for the past week by the Senate Committee on Public Lands, is found by this committee to be regular in every respect. None of the charges made by those attacking the grant are sustained. The committee report that the testimony shows that the grant was issued in the regular course of business in accordance with the laws and that the evidence upon which the patents issued, had not the faintest suspicion of fraud attached to it. The evidence further showed that the Perrine heirs had expended something like \$40,000 in improvements on the property in order to protect their grant and that a fair valuation of the property was, possibly, worth no more than that sum. The attack against the validity of the grant came from people who had entered into contracts with the heirs and who, the committee say, pursued this policy in order to force a better bargain with the owners of the land.

## Naval Orders.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—The following naval orders were issued today: Command E. W. Watson is ordered to command the naval station at New London, Conn., March 1, on being relieved at the Washington yard by Commander G. W. Pignon, ordered there for ordnance instructions.

The steel board will be dissolved March 1, its president, Captain G. W. Coffin, going to the retiring board as a member.

Passed Assistant Engineer E. R. Freeman is ordered to the bureau of steam engineering, and Naval Constructor R. B. Dashiell resuming his duties in the construction bureau.

Chief Engineer G. E. Tover is placed on the retired list.

Chief Engineer G. Cowie, of the Puritan, and J. P. Mickle, of the Puritan, exchange places. Lieut. Com. W. Swift is detailed to the ordnance bureau and Prof. Simon Newcomb is detached from the naval observatory.

## Ruiz an American Citizen.

Philadelphia, Pa., Feb. 26.—Ricardo Ruiz de Uzueta, or Ricardo Ruiz, as he was lately known, and who was said to have been beaten to death in a Spanish prison in Cuba, was an American citizen. He was naturalized in this city. The fact was alleged some time ago, and today a record of his naturalization was found in the prothonotary's office. Under his full name, Ruiz declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States on December 19, 1877, and the final naturalization papers were granted January 21, 1880.

When he came to this country the man called himself simply Ruiz. He was naturalized in open court by Judge Thos. K. Finletter. The papers were regularly indexed under the name Uzueta, and when the controversy was begun over his nationality the name Ruiz could not be found. The discovery today, however, removes all doubts on the subject.

## Information Wanted.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 27.—The House foreign affairs committee this morning agreed to a substitute for the several resolutions that had been referred to it calling upon the President for all the information not previously sent to congress bearing upon the arrest, imprisonment and treatment of American citizens in Cuba. The substitute was adopted without division.

Favorable action was also taken upon the resolutions directing the secretary of state to furnish the committee with the names of all Americans holding consular places under the government.

Similar favorable action was taken upon the resolution calling for conference affecting the effect of the legislative order which gives precedence to the appointments in the consular service to state department officials.

Clark and Wolcott will not be confirmed.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—The Republicans on the Committee of the Judiciary of the Senate have practically notified their Democratic associates that the nomination of James L. Wolcott, to be District Judge for the District of Delaware, and William W. Clark, of North Carolina, to be District Judge for the District of North Carolina, cannot be confirmed. In the special meeting of the committee this morning Mr. Hill endeavored to have these nominations acted upon, but failed. The resolutions said the charges against both men and time was not sufficient to enable them to investigate the subject. They declined to permit the cases to be taken up and in this they were joined by Senator Pugh (Dem. Ala.). The Democrats will make another effort, but have little hopes of getting either of the nominees through.

## Russia First Outlined the Policy.

Paris, Feb. 26.—The Matin says that the scheme for the settlement of the Cretan difficulty by requiring the withdrawal of the Greek troops and later of the Turkish troops and granting autonomy to the island, as outlined by Lord Salisbury in the British House of Lords yesterday, was originally proposed by Russia, and was the first diplomatic success achieved by Count Muraviev, the new Russian minister for foreign affairs.

Berlin, Feb. 26.—The National Zeitung says that the plan for the pacification of Crete by granting autonomy to the island, was proposed by Russia and agreed to by Germany without reserve. Austria and France were the next to accept the proposal and the adhesion of Great Britain was received last of all.

## Women Must go Bareheaded.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 26.—Both branches of the city council have passed an ordinance prohibiting women from wearing hats in theaters and public halls. Mayor Todd will sign it to-morrow.

## In Favor of the Bell Company.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 26.—The clerk of the United States Circuit Court here received by mail this afternoon the decision of Judge Nathan Goff in the injunction case brought by the Southern Bell Telephone Company to restrain the city of Richmond from interfering with its rights, or carrying out the decision of the City Council that the company's poles and wires be taken down. Judge Goff overrules the demurrer of the city, and accepting the admissions of the demurrer to the effect that the Bell Telephone lines are a part of the Telegraph system of the country, holds that it is entitled to all of the privileges granted to telegraph companies under the postal laws, and goes as far as to say that the Bell Company can enter any street of the city recognized as a post road, and cannot restrain it. The opinion, while citing many authorities, does not pass finally upon many of the basic questions involved, and the matter will be taken to the Supreme Court. The injunction prayed for is granted, and the Bell Company will continue its exchange here over the ordinance of the city repealing its franchise.

## Women May Vote.

Olympia, Wash., Feb. 26. The Senate yesterday passed the bill for an amendment to the Constitution conferring the elective franchise on women, the question to be submitted at the next General election in November, 1898. As a bill of similar purport has already passed the House, there is every reason to believe this bill will be agreed to by the House without serious opposition.

## STATEMENT.

Showing the condition of the United States Branch of the Royal Insurance Company.

December 31, 1896.

ASSETS.	
Value of real estate and ground rents owned by the company (less the amount of encumbrances thereon),	\$1,757,156 24
Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded and being first liens on the fee-simple),	279,000 00
Account of stocks and bonds of the United States, and of this and other States, also all other stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the company,	4,263,352 50
Interest due and accrued on stocks and other securities,	4,913 33
Cash in company's principal office and belonging to the company, deposited in bank,	424,298 11
Premiums or assessments unpaid,	734,864 65
Premium or assessment loans and notes,	2,788 85
All other assets, detailed in statement,	14,937 94
Total assets,	\$7,481,311 62
LIABILITIES.	
Losses unpaid, including those resisted,	\$ 457,512 43
Reserve, as required by law,	4,319,321 57
All other claims,	346,670 31
Total liabilities,	\$5,123,504 31
Total income,	4,976,024 10
Total expenditures,	4,240,317 49
NORTH CAROLINA BUSINESS IN 1896.	
Risks written,	\$1,270,549 00
Premiums received,	20,323 31
Losses paid on risks taken,	7,146 96
Losses incurred,	11,398 41
E. F. BEDDALL, Manager,	
J. I. WYNNE,	
General Agent, Raleigh,	
State of North Carolina,	
Office of Secretary of State,	
Insurance Department,	
Raleigh, Feb. 27, 1897.	

In compliance with section 9 of "An Act to consolidate the Insurance Laws of North Carolina," I certify that the above is a true extract from the sworn statement of the United States Branch of the Royal Insurance Company on December 31, 1896, now on file in this Department.

CYRUS THOMPSON,  
Secretary of State.

## STATEMENT

Showing the Condition of the Phoenix Life Insurance Company.

December 31, 1896.

ASSETS.	
Value of real estate and ground rents owned by the company (less the amount of encumbrances thereon),	\$ 994,312 96
Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded and being first liens on the fee-simple),	5,793,119 51
Account of stocks and bonds of the United States, and of this and other States, also all other stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the company,	2,522,309 20
Stocks, bonds and all other securities (except mortgage) hypothecated to the company as collateral security for cash actually loaned by the company,	277,140 00
Interest due and accrued on stocks and other securities,	165,643 71
Cash in company's principal office and belonging to the company, deposited in bank,	294,581 86
Premiums or assessments unpaid,	156,501 70
Premium or assessment loans and notes,	451,560 68
Total assets,	\$10,655,169 62
LIABILITIES.	
Losses unpaid, including those resisted,	\$ 32,694 00
Reserve, as required by law,	9,479,026 00
All other claims,	53,059 00
Total liabilities,	\$9,564,779 00
Total income,	1,975,794 76
Total expenditures,	1,806,672 40
NORTH CAROLINA BUSINESS IN 1896.	
Risks written,	\$ 356,386 00
Premiums received,	32,923 68
Losses paid on risks taken,	8,022 00
Losses incurred,	8,022 00
J. B. BUNCE, President;	
J. M. HOLCOMBE, Vice-President;	
C. A. LAWRENCE, Secretary;	
T. T. HAY, Raleigh,	
General Agent,	
State of North Carolina,	
Office of Secretary of State,	
Insurance Department,	
Raleigh, Feb. 27, 1897.	

In compliance with section 9 of "An Act to consolidate the Insurance Laws of North Carolina," I certify that the above is a true extract from the sworn statement of the Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Company, on December 31, 1896, now on file in this Department.

CYRUS THOMPSON,  
Secretary of State.

## GAIL &amp; AX'S

SCOTCH SNUFFS.

Blue Ribbon Sweet

SCOTCH SNUFF.

UNEQUALLED IN PURITY, STRENGTH AND FLAVOR.

GOLD PLATED JEWELRY

AND BEAUTIFUL COLORED PICTURES ARE GIVEN AWAY FREE FOR THE TICKETS IN EACH PACKAGE.

## Arrested for Conspiracy.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 26.—Sterling B. Edmunds, of this city, was arrested in St. Louis this morning on an indictment charging him with conspiring to misappropriate the funds of the German National bank of this city. Edmunds was a big borrower from the bank through President McKnight.

## Sears for Mayor.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 26.—The Republican city convention nominated Judge N. C. Sears for mayor in the first ballot this afternoon.

## THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.

Articles of Agreement, Certificate of Clerk and Letters Patent.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.  
We, the undersigned, being desirous of engaging in the business hereinafter set forth and described, do hereby enter into articles of agreement for that purpose pursuant to chapter 16 of the Code of North Carolina, entitled "Corporations and Acts of the General Assembly of North Carolina amendatory thereof," that is to say:

I. The corporation name shall be the Tribune Publishing Company.  
II. The business proposed shall be the publication of one or more newspapers, conducting the business of job printing and binding and carrying on such business as is usually done by printing and publishing companies.  
III. The place where said business is proposed to be carried on is Raleigh, North Carolina, and such other place or places for branch offices as the Board of Directors may determine.  
IV. The length of time desired for the existence of said corporation is thirty years from and after the dates of these articles next entering.

V. The names of the persons who have subscribed for stock in said corporation are as follows, viz.: C. M. Kenyon, C. J. Harris, F. M. Messler, J. B. Hill and their associates.

VI. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be \$30,000 divided into 3,000 shares of the par value of \$10.00 each, with liberty to the stockholders to increase the amount of said capital stock from time to time, or at any time, to an amount not exceeding \$50,000, divided into a proportionate number of shares of the par value of ten dollars each.

VII. The said corporation may purchase or lease and hold all such real and personal and mixed property incident to the business aforesaid and necessary and useful for that purpose as the board of directors shall determine, and subscription for stock in said corporation may be paid wholly or in part by the purchase from the subscriber of property at such appraised valuation as may be agreed on between the board of directors and such subscriber.

VIII. The indebtedness of the corporation shall not be individually or personally responsible or liable for the debts, contracts, pecuniary obligations, engagements or torts of said corporation.

IX. The time and place of the first meeting of the incorporators and subscribers for stock in said corporation for purpose of organization is hereby expressly waived.

In testimony whereof, the undersigned have hereunto set our hands and seals, this the sixth day of January, 1897.

C. M. KENYON,  
F. M. MESSLER,  
J. B. HILL.

Subscribing witness:  
WILLIAM O. O'NEILL.

NORTH CAROLINA,  
WAKE COUNTY.  
I, D. H. Young, Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake County, do hereby certify that the foregoing articles of agreement and plan of incorporation was this day proven before me, and the due execution thereof by C. M. Kenyon, F. M. Messler and J. B. Hill, the subscribers thereto, is proven by the oath of William O. O'Neill, the subscribing witness thereto. Therefore, let the same be recorded according to law.

Witness my hand and official seal this the 16th day of January, 1897.  
D. H. YOUNG,  
Clerk Superior Court.

No. 443.  
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

To all to whom these presents shall come—Greeting:  
Know ye, That it appears from the certificate from the Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake County, that the following named persons, C. M. Kenyon, F. M. Messler and J. B. Hill, heretofore on the 6th day of January, 1897, signed and filed Articles of Agreement for the formation of a private corporation before said Clerk, and copy of said Articles of Agreement, duly certified by said Clerk under the seal of said Court, have been filed and recorded in this office, as prescribed in chapter 318 of Acts of 1893.

Now, Therefore, Under the power and authority vested in me by said chapter 318 of said Acts of 1893, I do hereby declare the persons signing said Articles of Agreement duly incorporated, under the name and style of the Tribune Publishing Company, for the period of thirty years from and after the 19th day of January, 1897, for the purposes set forth in said Articles of Agreement, with all the powers, rights and liabilities conferred and imposed by law on such corporations.

Witness, my hand and the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at the City of Raleigh, this 19th day of January, in the 121st year of our Independence, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

CYRUS THOMPSON,  
Secretary of State.

Don't grunt  
with stomach-ache.

Get relief

quick

by using

Simpson's Liver Pills

for all stomach ills.

You will save money

and your health,

which is beyond price,

by using the pills

regularly.

Simpson's

Pharmacy,

Pullen Building.

The Mail and Express.

The Leading Evening Newspaper.

Stands without a rival in evening journalism.

Published Daily and Contains

ALL THE NEWS OF THE WORLD, the closing quotations of the Stock, Produce, Consolidated and other exchanges, and the most exhaustive Financial, Railway and Commercial reports printed in any daily newspaper.

IN POLITICS it is Republican; advocates protection to American industries, a sound currency and all measures which tend toward the industrial and commercial development of the nation.

AS A FAMILY NEWSPAPER it is peerless; its columns are clean and free from the sensationalism which so many of the best families find objectionable in a newspaper which enters the home circle.

THE WOMAN'S DEPARTMENT is not equalled by any other newspaper. It contains daily the news of special interest to women, and interesting articles by distinguished writers.

TERMS: To Mail Subscribers, postage paid, Daily Edition, 10 to 16 pages.

One year, \$7.00 Three mos., \$1.75 Six mos., 3.50 One month, .60 Saturday edition, 20 to 32 pages, containing many special features, one year, 1.50 Send for sample copy.

PUBLICATION OFFICE  
203 Broadway, New York.

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The Tar-Heel Knight,

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Bright! Newsy! Cheap!  
50 Cents a Year.

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Reaches 4,000 Knights and their families.

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## THE RALEIGH TRIBUNE

—THE ONLY—

Republican DAILY  
Newspaper in :

NORTH  
CAROLINA

Incorporated With a Capital Stock of \$20,000

Has Complete Telegraphic Service

Furnished by the Southern Associated Press

THE TRIBUNE is a 48-column Newspaper, and will be a complete METROPOLITAN JOURNAL. Besides its regular Telegraphic Associated Press Dispatches it will be served with special correspondence from Washington by one of the most

TALENTED NEWSPAPER MEN

In America, and will receive Specials from New York and other prominent cities as well as from the leading cities of North Carolina and the South.

It is the purpose of the promoters and management to make

... THE ...

## THE TRIBUNE

A First-Class Newspaper, Occupying  
the Entire Field of Newspaperdom  
of the Country.

The Undertaking is upon a Large Scale, and will be worthy of the support of every Republican in the State, and it is confidently believed that the party spirit in the Old North State is ripe for the enterprise. The office will be equipped with all the modern machinery and latest styles of type, including

THE MERGENTHALER  
LINOTYPE MACHINES,

With a capacity of 40,000 M's in nine hours, or about fifteen columns the length of THE TRIBUNE.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS SO WELL AS SUCCESS.

and the success of the THE TRIBUNE  
is assured.

IT IS HERE TO STAY!

IT WILL BE REPUBLICAN, AND WILL  
HEW CLOSE TO THE LINE.



## STOCK MARKET STRONG

The Dealings Were Active up to the Close.

BANKING ON THE NEW ADMINISTRATION

RUMORS OF A HEAVY SHORT INTEREST CAUSES A FLURRY.

Contraction in Loans, Gain in Cash, Increase in Deposits, is Shown by the Bank Statement—Bond Market Firm.

New York, Feb. 27.—The tone of the stock market was strong today and the dealings were fairly active, \$5,894 shares being traded in during the two hours of business. At first, the buying was principally for the account of the shorts, but towards the end of the session commission houses were prominent as purchasers. The buying for the long account was attributed to the early adjournment of congress and a belief that a higher range of prices will follow the inauguration of Mr. McKinley. Professional operators at the east were inclined to this theory and extended their lines in the Grangers as well as the Industrials. Lake Shore was again a feature and rose to 161 1/4, closing at 162 1/4, and 165 asked.

Rumors of a big short interest abroad and the proposed refunding of the seven per cent. bonds into 3 1/2 per cent mortgage accounts for the steady appreciation of the stock. Chicago and Alton, which is seldom dealt in, sold at 156 1/4 for one hundred shares.

In the industrial group, Sugar was notably strong, moving up to 117 1/4 on buying by brokers supposed to be acting for important interests. Omaha common, Chicago Gas, St. Paul, Rock Island and Northwestern all sold at the best figures of the week and were in demand at the advance.

The bank statement showed a contraction of \$1,137,900 in loans, a gain of \$12,100 in cash, and an increase of \$1,098,700 in deposits. Surplus reserve increase, \$1,355,025, and the banks now hold \$57,477,975, against \$24,422,150 in 1896 and \$28,054,000 in 1895.

Speculation closed strong with prices anywhere from 1/4 to 1 per cent above Friday's closing. Total sales were \$5,894 shares, including 14,300 Sugar, 11,000 Rock Island and Quincy, and 6,300 St. Paul.

The bond market was firm today. The sales aggregated \$764,000.

## MONEY MARKET.

New York, Feb. 27.—Money on call easy at 1 1/2 per cent. Last loan at 1 1/2 and closing at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3 per cent. Bar silver 64 1/2. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8548 1/2 for 60 days and 4.8744 1/2 for demand. Posted rates 4.8644 1/2. Commercial bills 4.8344 1/2. Government bonds strong. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds firm. Silver at the board was neglected.

## STOCKS.

American Cotton Oil	123 1/2
pref'd	123 1/2
American Sugar Refinery	107 1/2
pref'd	107 1/2
American Tobacco	74 1/2
pref'd	103 1/2
Atchafalpa	14 1/2
B. & O.	15 1/2
Canadian Pacific	54 1/2
C. & O.	17 1/2
Chicago & Alton	165 1/2
C. B. & Q.	75 1/2
Chicago Gas	70 1/2
Delaware & Lackawanna	153 1/2
D. & C. P.	14 1/2
Erie	14 1/2
pref'd	34 1/2
General Electric	35 1/2
Illinois Central	93 1/2
L. E. & W.	16 1/2
pref'd	106 1/2
Lake Shore	162 1/2
L. & N.	51 1/2
L. N. & C.	4 1/2
Manhattan Consolidated	80 1/2
M. & C.	15 1/2
Michigan Central	14 1/2
Missouri Pacific	14 1/2
Mobile & Ohio	21 1/2
Nash & Chat.	67 1/2
U. S. Cordage	—
pref'd	—
N. Y. Central	90 1/2
N. Y. Central	90 1/2
N. Y. & N. E.	37 1/2
N. & W. pref'd	10 1/2
Northern Pacific	14 1/2
pref'd	14 1/2
Pacific Mail	153 1/2
Reading	24 1/2
Rock Island	67 1/2
St. Paul	70 1/2
pref'd	133 1/2
Silver Certificates	64 1/2
Tenn. Coal & Iron	28 1/2
pref'd	80 1/2
Texas Pacific	9 1/2
Union Pacific	7 1/2
Wabash	7 1/2
pref'd	7 1/2
Western Union	89 1/2
W. & L. E.	14 1/2
pref'd	14 1/2

## BONDS.

Alabama, class A	104 1/2
B	104 1/2
C	98 1/2
La B. A's	96 1/2
N. C. 4's	102 1/2
10's	122 1/2
Tenn. new set. 3's	78 1/2
Va. 6's, def.	6 1/2
Va. T. R. S.	6 1/2
Va. F. D.	62 1/2
U. S. 4's reg.	110 1/2
coup	113 1/2
2's	95 1/2
So. Railway 5's	90 1/2
con.	9 1/2
pref'd	28 1/2
S. C. 4's	105 1/2
U. S. new 4's, Dec	122 1/2
Coup	123 1/2

New York, Feb. 27.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 3,823,222, of which 3,455,025 bales are American, against 3,754,075 bales and 3,299,875 bales respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns, 48,328 bales. Receipts from the plantations, 120,399 bales. Crop is sight, 7,424,734 bales.

New York, Feb. 27.—Cotton steady; middling, 7 1/2-16; net receipts, 4480; gross, 2,800; forwarded, 871; sales, 1,847; spinners, 147; stock, 266,113.

Total today: Net receipts, 18,109; exports to Great Britain, 16,391; to France, 8,000; to the continent, 6,100; to the channel, none; stock, 892,000.

Total since September 1: Net receipts, 5,907,975; exports, Great Britain, 2,545,386; to France, 563,943; to the continent, 1,491,249; to the channel, 5,481; stock, none.

New York, Feb. 27.—Cotton steady; middling gulf, 7 1/2-16; middling uplands, 7 1/2-16; sales, 1,847 bales.

Futures closed firm: sales, 111,900 bales. March, 7 1/2; April, 7 1/2; May, 7 1/2; June, 7 1/2; July, 7 1/2; August, 7 1/2; September, 7 1/2; October, 6 3/4; November, 6 3/4; December, 6 3/4.

New York, Feb. 27.—Treasury balances: Coin, \$129,721,653; currency, \$96,658,698.

New Orleans, La., Feb. 27.—Cotton futures very steady; sales, 32,100; February and March, 6 7/8; April, 7 1/8; May, 7 1/8; June, 7 1/8; July, 7 1/8; August, 7 1/8; September, 6 7/8; October, 6 7/8; November, 6 7/8; December, 6 7/8.

Liverpool, Feb. 27.—12:30 p. m.—Cotton—Good demand, prices 1-32d higher. American middling, 4 1/2-32d. Sales, 15,000. American, 13,300. Speculation and export, 1,000. Receipts, 5,000. American, 4,900. Futures opened steady, demand fair. February-March, 3 1/2-32d; March-April, 3 1/2-32d; April-May, 3 1/2-32d; May-June, 3 1/2-32d; June-July, 3 1/2-32d; July-August, 3 1/2-32d; August-September, 3 1/2-32d; September-October, 3 1/2-32d; October-November, 3 1/2-32d; November-December, 3 1/2-32d. Futures closed steady.

Tenders at today's clearings, 100 bales old docket.

Spot Prices: American middling fair 4 1/2-32d; good middling, 4 1/2-32d; middling, 4 1/2-32d; low middling, 3 1/2-32d; good ordinary, 3 1/2-32d; American, 3 1/2-32d.

Liverpool, Feb. 27.—1 p. m.—American middling, 4 1/2-32d; March, 3 1/2-32d; March-April, 3 1/2-32d; April-May, 3 1/2-32d; May-June, 3 1/2-32d; June-July, 3 1/2-32d; July-August, 3 1/2-32d; August-September, 3 1/2-32d; September-October, 3 1/2-32d; October-November, 3 1/2-32d; November-December, 3 1/2-32d. Futures closed steady.

New York, Feb. 27.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes:

Reserve, increase, \$1,855,025  
Loans, decrease, \$1,137,900  
Deposits, increase, \$1,098,700  
Legal tenders, increase, \$1,355,025  
Deposits, increase, \$1,098,700  
Circulation, decrease, \$122,300

The banks now hold \$57,477,975 in excess of legal requirements.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 27.—Wheat—The half-holiday session of the wheat market today was not distinguished by anything extraordinary in the trade or anything new in the situation. The predominating tone was a steady one, but the supporting demand came principally from "shorts," who were desirous of evening up for the week. The range was confined to five-eighths of a cent, closing quotations being at about the highest figure of the city. The news was ordinary in character and had little influence on the market. May wheat opened from 74 1/4 to 74 3/4, sold between 73 1/4 and 74 1/4, closing at 74 1/4, 1/4 to 1/2 higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and 1/2 higher.

Corn—Was more than usually dull. The trading was confined to a few small lots and the range of prices during the first hour was but one-sixteenth of a cent. May corn opened at 23 1/2, sold between 23 1/2 and 23 3/4, closing at 23 1/2, 1/2 to 1/4 higher than yesterday. Cash corn was easy and 1/4 lower for local billed and 1/4 to 3/4 lower for through billed.

Oats—The only notable incident in oats was a sale of about 200,000 bushels by a floor trader, with the evident intention of depressing prices. The buyers were scattered and of small lots. The feeling corresponded with the exhibition by wheat and corn. Cash oats were steady at yesterday's closing quotations.

Provisions—The major portion of the trade in provisions took place at the opening. Prices showed but unimportant alterations from yesterday, a steady tone predominating. Five cents advance in hogs had a beneficial effect on the tone of product. May pork closed unchanged from yesterday. May lard five cents lower; May ribs a shade higher.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 27.—Leading futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT—No. 2.	Opening.	Closing.
February	73 1/4	73 1/4
May	74 1/4	74 1/4
July	71 1/4	72 1/4
September	70 1/4	70 1/4
CORN—	Opening.	Closing.
February	22 1/2	22 1/2
May	23 1/2	23 1/2
July	24 1/2	25 1/2
September	26 1/2	26 1/2
OATS—	Opening.	Closing.
February	15 1/2	15 1/2
May	16 1/2	16 1/2
July	17 1/2	17 1/2
MEAT—	Opening.	Closing.
May	8 1/2	8 1/2
July	8 1/2	8 1/2
LARD—	Opening.	Closing.
May	4 1/2	4 1/2
July	4 1/2	4 1/2
SHORT RIBS—	Opening.	Closing.
May	4 1/2	4 1/2
July	4 1/2	4 1/2

Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill., Feb. 27.—Cattle—Receipts, 300; market steady. Common to extra steers, \$3.50; cows and bulls, \$1.75 to \$3.75; calves, \$4.25 to \$6.25; Texans, \$2.50 to \$3.00; market firm and 2 1/2 to 3c higher. Heavy packing and shipping lots, \$3.45 to \$3.65; common to choice mixed, \$3.45 to \$3.65; choice assorted, \$3.65 to \$3.75; light, \$3.55 to \$3.75; pigs, \$3.30 to \$3.70.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market firm; inferior to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.25; lambs, \$3.50 to \$5.10.

(Private wire of John A. Duncan, No. 307 Wilmington Street, Raleigh, N. C.)

New York, Feb. 27.—Stock—The stock market was strong and fairly active at the short session of the Stock Exchange today. Business was fairly well distributed and part of the buying appeared to be for long account, strength advanced over a point on purchases of a substantial character. The advances in railway group reached 1/2 to 1 point. Tennessee Coal and

Iron gained a point. The market closed without the best prices.—New York News.

New York, Feb. 27.—The fact developed this morning that there is a larger short interest in the market than was generally supposed to exist and there is some talk now of a scare among the shorts which would lead to a sharp advance. Today the improvement was substantial, the market closing firm at a new advance of 12 points. Liverpool was higher and the receipts were light. Europe and the South bought here. The spot sales in Liverpool were very large for a Saturday. The spot market advanced moderately. It was active and the scarcity of the spot cotton at the South induced shorts to cover. Liverpool advanced 1-32d on the spot, with sales of 15,000 bales. Futures advanced 1/2 to 1 1/2 points. Spot cotton here advanced 1/2, with sales of 1,700 bales for export and 147 for spinning. Middling uplands 7 1/2-16, against 13-16 last year. Futures in New Orleans advanced 12 points. August received today 261 bales, against 851 bales last week and 465 bales last year; St. Louis 294 bales, against 649 bales last week and 465 bales last year. Houston 1,727 bales, against 2,115 bales last week and 1,695 bales last year. The total sales here today were 111,900 bales.

The Chronicle states that rain has been in most districts of the South during the week, but that except along the Atlantic the precipitation has been light, that the temperature has been favorable. That in Texas farm work has progressed rapidly and in the Northwest the spring wheat farmers are ready to begin planting; that land in Texas is said to be in good condition generally, but that in some localities moisture is needed. Came to sight during the week 96,008 bales, against 102,600 bales last year, making the total crop in sight 7,424,734 bales, against 6,004,251 bales at this time last year. The exports from the ports thus far this season aggregate 4,629,255 bales, against 3,299,875 at the same time last season. The world's visible supply is now 3,823,222 bales, including 3,455,025 bales American, against 3,754,075 bales a year ago, of which 3,299,875 bales were American.

MONTYRE & WARDELL.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Wheat.—The attitude of the local wheat trade at the end of this week somewhat different from that of a week ago when shorts were anxious to even up their contracts, in view of the holiday, and the uncertainty as to the outcome of the trouble between Greece and Turkey. This interest having become eliminated and as nothing developed over Monday to cause further fears of any decisive action between those two countries, holders and bears alike were anxious to sell, with the result that offerings were thrown on a very full market and prices were forced down over 3 cents per bushel, 1 1/2 cents of which was recovered on the development of a good cash demand, but almost entirely lost again on the failure of foreign markets to show any rallying disposition. Liverpool has exhibited considerable weakness, declining about the same amount as this market. Weekly exports were disappointing, the quantity shipped from both coasts aggregating only 1,372,000 bushels. On the other hand shipments from other exporting countries continue extremely light, but the deficiency in the local requirements of Western Europe. The opinion is quite prevalent however, at a large amount of corn is taking the place of wheat, as food for the army and navy, and is quite considerably less than formerly estimated. It is stated the Danubian provinces still hold large reserves of wheat, but this is problematical. In our market July wheat at present seems the favorite option among buyers. The difference between May and July has narrowed from 3 1/2 last Saturday to nearly 2 cents today. The belief that elevator people will not sell July wheat against the longers, and that it remains at a discount to May and that the deferred futures will respond more rapidly to any complaints of damage, is the reason that bulls prefer the July. St. Louis option among buyers. The difference between May and July has narrowed from 3 1/2 last Saturday to nearly 2 cents today. The belief that elevator people will not sell July wheat against the longers, and that it remains at a discount to May and that the deferred futures will respond more rapidly to any complaints of damage, is the reason that bulls prefer the July. St. Louis option among buyers. The difference between May and July has narrowed from 3 1/2 last Saturday to nearly 2 cents today. The belief that elevator people will not sell July wheat against the longers, and that it remains at a discount to May and that the deferred futures will respond more rapidly to any complaints of damage, is the reason that bulls prefer the July. St. Louis option among buyers.

Corn—The cold weather has had a bearish effect on corn and the market has lost most of the advance it recorded last week. While there has probably been some investment buying, trading has been largely of a scalping nature. The local market is quiet and some of the large floor traders seem inclined to the bull side.

LAMSON BROS. & CO.

Gambler's Called off.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—The Senate Committee on the District of Columbia this afternoon ordered a conference report on the nomination of Francis P. Sands to be Commissioner of the District.

The House Committee on Judiciary today reported a bill which makes it a misdemeanor for any person to transmit by any telegraph or telephone company any dispatch from one State or Territory in another State or Territory relating to lotteries, pool selling, book-making or gambling. The first offense is punishable by imprisonment for not more than two years or by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both. The second offense, that no common carrier or corporation or employee thereof shall transmit such dispatches; and for every infraction of the law they also shall be subject to the foregoing penalty.

Movement of Warships.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 26.—The Detroit has arrived at Bamkok to receive the short-term men of the Mahias, when she will resume her cruise home via Suez. The Maine is at New Orleans. The Dolphin at Washington and the Montgomery has left Key West for awhile, on being relieved by the Marblehead. Torpedo boat No. 6 will reach Washington this afternoon and will be exhibited to members of Congress down the Potomac tomorrow.

An Election by Corrupt Methods.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 26.—A special to the Tribune from Boise, Idaho, says affidavits have been prepared and more, it is said, will be secured, to show the election of Senator Heifield was brought about by corrupt methods. The most sensational affidavit is made by J. T. Johns, of Elmyria county, who swears that he was bribed to vote for Heifield.

Change of Management.

Augusta, Ga., Feb. 26.—It is reported that the South Carolina and Georgia Railroad has been leased or purchased by the Augusta Southern from here to Sandersville, Ga., where it will connect with other roads for points south and southwest. This consolidation would open up valuable territory in Georgia to Charleston.

The Central at Charlotte.

All traveling men pronounce the Central Hotel at Charlotte the leading hotel of the State. Cuisine the finest and all the specialties of the season.

## SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

## CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect June 14, 1896

## TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH:

"NORFOLK & CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."  
3:40 p. m. daily—Solid vestibuled train with sleeper from Raleigh to Chattanooga, via Salisbury, Morganton, Asheville, Hot Springs and Knoxville.

Connects at Durham for Oxford, Clarksville and Keysville, except Sunday. At Greensboro with Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled Limited train for all points north, and with main line train No. 12 for Danville, Richmond and intermediate stations; also has connection for Winston-Salem, and with main line train No. 35, "United States Fast Mail," for Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville, Atlanta and all points South; also Columbia, Augusta, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points in Florida. Sleeping car for Atlanta, Jacksonville, and at Charlotte with sleeping car for Augusta.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:45 a. m. daily—Solid train, consisting of Pullman sleeping cars and coaches from Chattanooga to Raleigh, arriving at Raleigh at 5:20 p. m., in time to connect with the Old Dominion, Merchants & Marine, Norfolk & Washington, and Baltimore, Chesapeake & Richmond Steamship Companies for all points north and east.

Connects at Selma for Fayetteville and intermediate stations on the Wilson & Fayetteville Short Cut daily; except Sunday for Newbern and Morehead City; daily for Goldsboro and Wilmington and intermediate stations on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:53 a. m. daily—Connects at Durham for Oxford, Keysville, Richmond; at Greensboro for Washington and all points north.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily—From Goldsboro and intermediate stations.

LOCAL.

2:00 a. m. daily—Connects at Greensboro for all points north and south and Winston-Salem and points on the Northwestern North Carolina Railroad; at Salisbury for all points in Western North Carolina, Knoxville, Tenn., Cincinnati and western points; at Charlotte for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points South.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily—From Atlanta, Charlotte, Greensboro and all points South.

LOCAL.

7:10 a. m. daily—From Greensboro and all points north and south. Sleeping car from Greensboro to Raleigh.

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m. daily—From all points east, Norfolk, Tarboro, Wilson and water lines.

From Goldsboro, Wilmington, Fayetteville and all points in Eastern Carolina.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:45 a. m. daily—From New York, Washington, Lynchburg, Danville, Greensboro, Charlotte, Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville.

LOCAL.

9:00 p. m. daily, except Sunday—From Goldsboro and all points east.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:53 a. m. daily—From Goldsboro.

For tickets, routes and rates, or other information, call on or write to

THAD. C. STURGIS,

Ticket Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

J. M. CULP,

Traffic Manager.

W. H. GREEN, W. A. TURK,

Gen'l Supt. G. P. A.

Atlantic & N. C. Railroad.

Time Table No. 2.

To take effect Wednesday, November 27th.

10 15	4 30	Dover	10 12	5 00
10 40	4 42	Core Creek	10 00	4 40
11 15	4 54	Tuscarora	9 50	3 38
11 31	5 00	Clark's	9 42	3 20
1 30	5 25	Newbern	9 30	2 50
2 12	5 50	Riverdale	8 53	10 10
2 20	5 53	Croatan	8 49	10 00
2 43	6 05	Havelock	8 40	9 40
3 12	6 18	Newport	8 26	9 06
3 25	6 24	Wildwood	8 19	8 47
3 31	6 29	Atlantic	8 15	8 38
3 51	6 42	Morehead City	8 07	8 20
		Atlantic Hotel		
4 01	6 50	M. City Depot	7 45	7 50
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.



## THE DAILY TRIBUNE.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1897.

## THE WEATHER.

## Forecast for Raleigh and Vicinity.

Fair, colder tonight. Fair Sunday, becoming warmer in the afternoon.

## Forecast for North Carolina.

Fair tonight and Sunday. Colder tonight, with frost near the coast.

## Weather Conditions.

The high barometric area from the northwest has spread rapidly to the central Mississippi and Ohio Valleys and dominates the weather over the entire United States east of the Rocky Mountains.

The cold wave accompanying this high pressure is quite a severe one for the season, the temperature having fallen below zero at Chicago, and to 10 above at Cincinnati and 20 at Memphis. The weather is clear except at a few widely scattered stations. The winds have shifted to southerly in the extreme northwest, where it is warming up again.

C. F. VON HERRMANN,  
Section Director.

## Personals.

Mr. Clem Carter is in the city.  
Gen. B. F. Hoke is out of the city.  
Senator Odom is spending Sunday at home.  
Capt. W. H. Kitchen has returned home.  
Dr. A. B. Hawkins went to Louisburg yesterday.  
Mr. John McAden went to Charlotte yesterday.  
Ex-Judge H. G. Connor returned home yesterday.  
Ex-Senator J. T. B. Hoover went home yesterday.  
Mr. Norman Jones returned to Wilson yesterday.  
Mr. Ed. Denton has returned from the Newbern fair.  
President John C. Kilgo, of Trinity, is at the Park.  
Representative Chapin went to Pittsboro yesterday.  
Mr. T. W. Bickett went back to Louisburg yesterday.  
Capt. S. B. Alexander went to Charlotte yesterday.  
President Alderman returned to Chapel Hill yesterday.  
Col. and Mrs. B. Cameron went to Stagville yesterday.  
Mr. Allen Higgs went to Baltimore on business yesterday.  
Senator McCarthy has gone to Asheville to spend Sunday.  
Mr. Priest y Mangum, of Wake Forest, returned home yesterday.  
Mrs. Thomas Stevenson went to Richmond on a visit yesterday.  
Dr. Thomas Hume, of the University, is stopping at the Yarboro.

Representative Harris, of Hyde, is spending Sunday out of the city.  
Judge and Mrs. Simonton have gone to their home in Charleston, S. C.  
Rev. Bayless Wade went to Louisburg yesterday. He preaches there today.  
Assistant District Attorney F. S. Spruill went back to Louisburg yesterday.  
Dr. W. H. Bobbitt returned to the city yesterday after an absence of several days.  
Prof. and Mrs. Wallace Riddick went to Weldon yesterday to spend a few days.  
Miss Hull, of Athens, Georgia, is visiting Miss Maud Merrimon on N. Wilmington street.

President McIver, of the Normal and Industrial College, returned to Greensboro yesterday.  
Mr. L. N. Grant, son of Senator Grant and a student at Wake Forest, went to Goldsboro yesterday.  
Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Rosenthal, of Newbern, and their baby, are visiting Mr. G. Rosenthal on Fayetteville street.

Mr. H. B. Varner, of the Lexington Dispatch, returned home yesterday afternoon, after spending several days in the city.  
Col. Allen Jordan, a prominent Republican of Montgomery county, is in the city. He paid The Tribune a pleasant call yesterday.

Mr. W. B. Ellis, of Winston, is not the editor of the Union Republican as stated in Saturday's TRIBUNE. He is, instead, a prominent tobacco manufacturer of that progressive town.

Chief Clerk E. O. Masten, of the House of Representatives, went up to Greensboro on the 2 o'clock train this morning to meet his wife, who is coming from their home in Wilkesboro to spend the week with her husband. She will be the guest of Mrs. Johnson, on Newbern avenue.

Edward Ziegler, Baltimore; P. A. Heindl, Richmond; J. K. Boynton, Atlanta; John K. Malkin and wife, New York; Ivan Kremer, Philadelphia; A. W. Dainty, Boston; T. M. Sanders, Virginia; H. N. Thompson, Nashville, and G. R. Fleming, Greenville, S. C., were some of the arrivals at the Park yesterday.

E. P. Wharton, Greensboro; C. A. Tyrrell and wife, Chicago; C. E. Lym, W. Baker, R. S. Gilker & Son, Detroit; J. W. Riter, Hartford; J. W. Corhaine, Atlanta; R. J. Campbell, Richmond; C. E. Stevenson, Nauge; J. D. Small, Washington, N. C.; S. Meredith, Norfolk, and E. A. Humphrey, Goldsboro, were among the arrivals at the Yarboro yesterday.

Representative Hancock received a telegram yesterday morning stating that his law office in Newbern was destroyed by fire. Mr. Hancock left for his home on the morning mail. The fire is thought to have been the work of an incendiary. The loss of his law library is an irreparable loss. Mr. Hancock is one of our ablest and most popular members of the House, and much sympathy was expressed for him yesterday.

Imported Toilet Sets, 10 pieces for \$2.38, at Royall & Borden's.

If you will go to W. E. Carter's, 120 Fayetteville street, with your orders, you will be convinced that you can buy first-class Groceries cheaper than at any house in town. We have room for a few more good customers. Our Oysters speak for themselves. We serve all the epicures in town. Lynn Havens a specialty.  
W. E. CARTER,  
Phone 155.

## Local News.

Floy Fuller, the noted international skirt dancer will appear at the Academy of Music next Thursday evening.

Marriage licenses were yesterday issued to M. S. Barbee and Laura Upchurch, and Sidney Power and V. S. Jeffreys.

The Clerk of the Court yesterday appointed N. B. Bryan, of St. Mary's township, a justice of the peace vice G. O. Barbee, resigned.

A carnival will be given Tuesday evening, March 2, at the Academy for the benefit of Rex Hospital. Tickets for sale at King's drug store.

A gentleman from Vermont died on the Atlanta special Friday night. His body was put off at Elbert. He was accompanied by his wife, and they were bound for Portsmouth, Va. No physician was on the train at the time of his death. He was suffering from a malignant attack of asthma.

The Tribune regrets to report the very serious illness of Master Fred Nissen, the bright young page to Lieut. Gov. Reynolds. The young man is suffering from a very severe attack of appendicitis, and has been sent to the home of his parents in Salem.

Quite a number of Senators and Representatives attended the entertainment at St. Mary's school last night. Of course the "courting Representative from Ashe" (Mr. Blackburn) was there. He has lost none of his popularity with the girls, despite the frequent paternal injunctions tendered him by various elderly colleagues during different debates the past week.

## SERVICES TODAY.

## Who will Preach at the Churches--Don't Fail to Attend.

The religious services in the churches of our city begin at 11 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. The pastors and their congregations extend a cordial invitation to you to be present.

At the Central Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Morgan and Person streets, Rev. Edwin C. Glenn, the pastor, will speak on "Our Home," both in the morning and evening.

Rev. Dr. B. F. Dixon will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. in the Edenton Street Methodist Episcopal church.

Presbyterian church, corner of Salisbury and Morgan streets--Dr. Eugene Daniel will preach at both services. Raleigh Baptist Tabernacle, corner of Person and Hargett streets--Dr. A. M. Simms will preach in the morning and at night.

Church of the Sacred Heart (Catholic), on Hillsboro street--Services at 11 o'clock in the morning.

Christian church, corner of Hillsboro and Dawson streets--The pastor, Rev. J. L. Foster, will occupy the pulpit.

The services at the First Baptist church, corner of Salisbury and Edenton streets, will be conducted by Dr. John W. Carter.

Good Shepherd church (Episcopal), on Hillsboro street--The pastor, Rev. I. McK. Pittenger, will lead the services.

## Unfortunate Marriage.

On February 9, 1897, George Carroll, age nineteen, and Iola Pullen, age sixteen, were made man and wife. The marriage is said to have been a necessity; and an unfortunate beginning seldom heralds a happy union. The honeymoon must have been exceedingly short, for within a week after the solemn ceremony was performed, the husband begins a suit for a divorce. Upon what grounds the suit is brought has not been divulged.

The trouble is not confined to these young people. The girl's father yesterday went to the Register of Deeds office and threatened to bring suit for issuing a license for his daughter to marry when she was only sixteen. Mr. H. H. Roberts, J. P., procured the license for the young couple, and he had the written consent of the girl's mother, and this is on file in the office of the Registrar, as the law requires. Young Carroll is the son of Mr. James Carroll, who is a man of good character and a trusted employee of the shops of the N. C. Building and Supply Company.

## A Dangerous Criminal.

Nat Johnson was yesterday arrested at Holly Spring and brought to jail here by Deputy Sheriff Lashley. Johnson is a little boy under twelve years of age; in fact he was brought here on a second class railroad fare. He was arrested on a warrant sworn out before Justice of the Peace Harry Roberts. It seems that Johnson and a little girl were playing with a kite when they quarreled, and Johnson struck her. Thereupon her mother becomes angry, and swears out a warrant; so this little fellow must remain in jail until next week, when the Justice will pass upon this important case. Some people think that the matter might have been settled by a little application of the well-known peach tree tea, with the effect of which most of us have a vivid recollection based on personal experience, without any intervention on the part of the great State of North Carolina.

## Civil Court Saturday.

Yesterday was another uneventful day in the Civil Court.

John Rogers was granted a divorce from Lucy Rogers, but there was no opposition on her part, so the case was without interest to the public.

The case of Mrs. Pattie D. B. Arrington vs. Judge Spier Whitaker came up on demurrer. Judgment was rendered by the court in favor of the defendant. Mrs. Arrington claimed that Judge Whitaker slandered her in the trial of the case she had against him sometime since.

## New Advertisements.

Julius Lewis & Co.--Mureco, page 2.  
W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co.--Spring Dress Goods, page 5.  
S. & D. Berwanger--Pants Sale, page 5.

Sherwood, Higgs & Co.--Satisfaction Scores Success, page 8.  
S. C. Pool--New Shoe Store, page 5.  
W. E. Jones--Bargains, page 8.  
Park Hotel, page 8.

Remember you can buy a Toilet Set at \$2.38 that cost you \$3.50 at any other store, at Royall & Borden's.

Examine Hughes' goods and prices before you buy.

Fine grade silver plated ware a Hughes'.

Don't fail to buy one of Royall & Borden's \$2.38 Toilet Sets.

Sterilizers for infants' food at Hughes

## W. E. JONES

206 Fayetteville Street.

There must be pioneers in everything. The way out of the wilderness of high prices must be "blazed" by somebody. When we began the process of pulverizing prices in this town we hardly hoped that we would find so many followers. Now an occasional echo from the rear shows that they're "a'comin'," but nothing drowns the noise of blows like these:

## Trunks.

Buying in big lots and selling at close to cost prices enables us to give you some extraordinary bargains in Trunks, and traveling bags like these. Paper Covered Packing Trunks, 36 inches, \$1.25; 40 inches, \$1.75; 30-inch Zinc Trunk, with tray and hat box, well bound ends and sides, at \$1.75.

30 inch Canvas Trunk, well braced with maleable iron bands, sheet iron bottom, worth \$4, at \$2.50.

Genuine Leather Valises, size 18 inches, at \$2.25.

Canvas Telescopes 50c., 75c. and \$1 each.

## Bargains in Window Shades.

Fifty Linen Shades in soft colorings, 6 feet long, at 25c.

## Carpet Department.

Floor Oil Cloth, heavy quality, in new bright designs and colorings, 4-4 wide, 25c; 6-4 wide, 48c; 8-4 wide, 72c.

Heavy China Matting, seamless, regular 25c. quality, at 19c.

## Table Covers.

Chenille Table Covers, one design; four colors, knotted fringe on four sides, size, 6-4, the regular \$1.25 kind at 98c. each.

A few more of the 4-4 size at 35c.

## Women's Vests.

60 Women's Wool Vests, former price \$1.00, at 78c.

Woman's Heavy Ribbed Vests, worth 30c., at 23c.

## W. E. JONES.

## INFANT CLASS.

## Interesting Exercises at Edenton Street M. E. Church.

Quite an interesting service will be rendered by the infant class of Edenton Street Sunday-school this afternoon at 4 o'clock. A collection will be taken during the service. Everybody invited, especially members of the General Assembly. The following interesting programme will be given:

Opening Hymn.

Prayer.

Chorus--With Waving Palms.

Recitation--Building the Ladder, by ten boys.

Chorus--The Secret of the Stars.

Recitation--A Jewish Legend, Burkhead Bobbitt.

Solo--Lullaby, Nannie Lee.

Recitation--Grandma's Prayer, Marie Terrell.

Offertory--Song of the Pennies.

Recitation--Character Building--Jennie Procter.

Building the Arch--By eleven girls.

Recitation--Bessie King.

Chorus--Keeping Step.

A few items of interest: Baker's Chocolate 38c. a pound, Imported Macaroni 10c. a pound, Rice from South Carolina 44c. a pound, Pie Peaches 8c. a can, 3 pounds Prepared Buckwheat 12c. See our Shoe stock. \$2.42 buys a pair of \$3.00 Shoes. New Spring Goods arriving. Woolcott & Son's Big Department Store.

Canadian Malt Whiskey, only 75 cents per quart, at Denton's.

## Concert at St. Mary's.

A rich treat is in store for the music lovers of Raleigh next Tuesday evening, March 2, when the music faculty of St. Mary's will give a programme made up entirely of compositions by the great Norwegian composer, Edward Grieg. The patrons and friends of the school are cordially invited. Concert begins at half past eight.

## Y. M. C. A.

The men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms today at 4 p. m. will be in the form of an "Echo Service," to which all men are cordially invited.

S. C. Pool has an advertisement on another page calling attention to new patterns of spring shoes.

Denton's Restaurant and Saloon is opposite the Postoffice, 311 and 313 Fayetteville street. Make no mistake.

## Notice.

Know all men by these presents, that the co-partnership heretofore existing between Harris Brown and Isaac Seligson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against the firm of Brown & Seligson to be paid by the said Isaac Seligson, and all debts due the firm of Brown & Seligson to be paid to Levin & Brown, 216 Wilmington St. This February 18, 1897.

Drink I. W. Harper's Whiskey, only 10 cents per drink or \$1.00 per quart, at Denton's (Sole Agent).

## A NICE LINE

## Fancy and Glass Front Wardrobes

JUST RECEIVED AT

## Thomas &amp; Campbell's.

They are the latest designs.



FURNITURE

Also a lot of Screens, Bric-a-brac, Easels, etc.

They are now keeping everything a housekeeper needs and receiving car loads of new things almost every day, which they are selling at manufacturer's prices.

They give special discount on Office Furniture.

A lot of odd pieces of Furniture that does not match with regular suits, they will sell at any price. Infant's Carriages

share the same. If you want anything to go in your house, come and see us. Chevalier Dressers are now all the go. Be sure to get one.

## THOMAS &amp; CAMPBELL.

\$3.35

Will buy the Cheapest and best

TALKING MACHINE ON EARTH!

For sale by

JOHN N. HARRELL, State Agent,

129 Fayetteville Street.

Call and see it.

## The Yarboro House,

RALEIGH, N. C.

## Under New Management.

Rates, \$2 and \$2.50 per day. Special Weekly Rates. Free Coach to and from all Trains.

A. J. COOKE, Manager.

R. B. RANEY, Lessee.

## Keep Your Eyes Focused on This Store!

The People's Popular Purchasing Place. Satisfaction scores success



Life, vim, vigor, push and energy are necessary adjuncts to business, but real success hangs on the satisfaction given to all customers.

## NEW DRESS GOODS

Fresh from the looms, with all the newness of fashion's impress stamped upon them appeal to your quick judgments and refined tastes.

Brightness, beauty and freshness combined in fashion's choicest conceits.

## JUST RECEIVED

Spring Cheviots, Mozambique, Serges, Clay Diagonals, Grenadines, Lenos, Hernanis and Lace Batings. New Novelty and Fancy effects in changeable checks, stripes, plaids and two-tone over-shirt bourettes.

Fancy Silk mixed Novelties, fashions handstomest blendings, 40 inches wide and stubborn wearers at the popular price. 50c

Black Novelty Weaves, figured, striped, diagonal and smooth, in fashion's varied fancies, 65c. quality, sold here at 50c

Black figured Mohairs for Suits, Waists and Skirts in most select and elegant designs, dozens of styles to select from. 50c

All wool, double width, check suitings in vari-colored combinations for immediate use, outclassing all city competition, at only 21c

Fine full yard wide Percales, beautiful textures, soft finish, manufactured to compete with the finest imported, go this week at 10c

Full yard wide fast color Percales, new designs, neat figures, fresh patterns, best styles; just to start the season. 7 1-2c

Aniline Black Satines, fine beeted, will not crock, Henrietta finish, from 25c down to 8c

Black and Navy Ducks, absolutely fast color and unperishable, regular 12c, kind, for 10c

Curtain Screens, bleached and unbleached, enamels in plain and colored stripes, from 20c. all the way down to 5c

Nottingham Curtain Laces, taper bordered, enamel and floral designs, any length, by the yard, and running the whole gamut of prices from 40c down to 10c

Lace Curtains (job lots) bought at under price and sold the same way, commencing at \$2.50 a pair, prices scaled all the way down to 50c

## NEW EMBROIDERIES AND LACES JUST IN.

Sherwood Higgs & Co. SUCCESSORS TO C. A. SHERWOOD & Co.

## THE PARK HOTEL, Raleigh, N. C.

## Admirably Located.

Facing Nash Square, One Block from Union Passenger Depot.

Steam heated throughout. Electric lights. Baths. Elevator. Perfectly lighted and ventilated rooms. Special show rooms for Commercial Travelers. Furniture and equipment all new.

Particular Attention is Given the Fare.

Rates \$2 and \$2.50 a Day.

Special Terms by Week or Month.

Ladies traveling alone will find The Park most convenient, and upon notice will be met at station by one of the Managers.

Free Omnibus to All Trains.

Brown &amp; Crawford, Mgr's.

## Raleigh Stationery Company,

131 Fayetteville St.

We carry in stock a complete line of typewriter's supplies and the latest and best Counting-house Stationery made, Typewriters, Mimeographs, Hektographs, all the latest and best labor-saving devices and office appliances.

Our stock is complete in every line. We are leaders in Low Prices. We invite you to examine our stock and get our prices before buying.

OFFICE AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY.

W. G. SEPARK, Manager.

## HICKS &amp; ROGERS PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

—AND DEALERS IN—

Garden Seeds Flower Seeds

Surgical Goods and Patent Medicines